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The Freeman

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

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OUR MODERN BABYLON.

THE SWORD OF TRUTH CUTTING THE VERY SOUL OF AFRO-AMERICANS.

What a Stranger Will See in New York—All Nations in Legitimate Business—The Afro-American, Where, Oh! Where is he?—The Uses and Disuses of Colored Barber Shops.

A Little Incident—Some Failures in Business—Plenty of Enthusiasm in Building a $100,000 Hall, but not a Dollar in Money—White Men Catering to Colored People, Ripen Into Millionaires in a Decade.

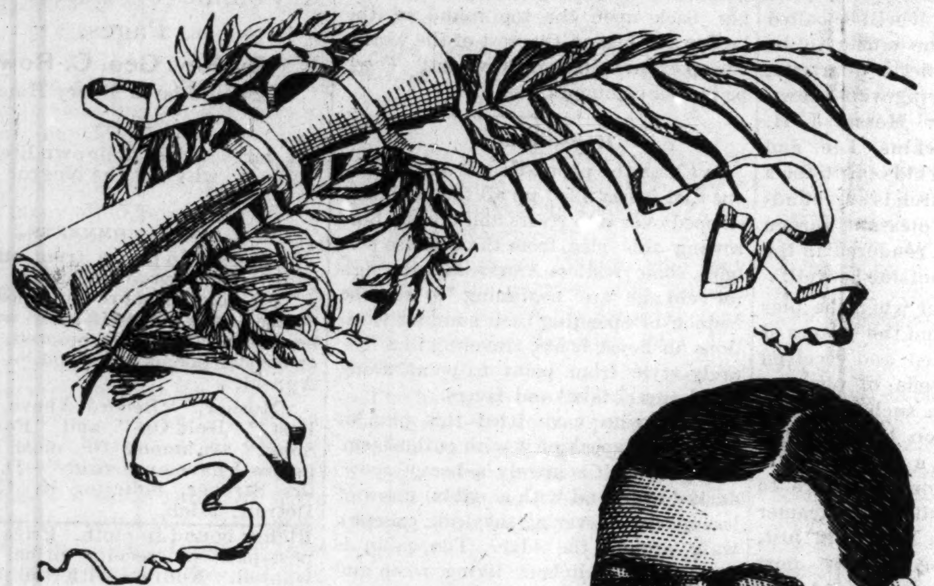
New York City, N. Y., Special to THE FREEMAN.

What a great city New York is! All nations are driving; all are pushing ahead; all except the Negro. Let a stranger take a walk to North street—the Chinese quarter. He will find here well stocked stores, owned and controlled by Chinese. The tenements in which they reside are owned by them. In short walking di-tance of this locality you will be in the Fourth ward, a purely Irish neighborhood. The Irish here conduct everything. After going eastward to Ludlow street the stranger will imagine he is in some foreign country. Here is where the Polish Jews live and trade. The shops, sidewalks and wagons are crowded with wares, the buyers and sellers are Jews. Going north from this place a few blocks is Avenue A, the great German centre; *business* here is solely conducted by Germans. This condition of affairs is the same in the French quarter in South Fifth Avenue, and likewise in the Italian settlement in Mulberry street. Now let him look for the Afro-Americans and see if they are in business and patronized and encouraged by their own people. He will first visit the Eighth and Fifteenth wards, formerly the great colored banner district. After walking through the streets of this neighborhood and passing many colored people with baskets on their arms and marketing, his search will be rewarded by finding three barber shops and one colored printer. Next, let him go to the Harlem and Yorkville districts; this is a new locality, but it is thickly populated by colored people, some blocks containing from fifteen to twenty four-story tenement houses filled with colored people. You will find here two barber shops—no other business. Lastly let him visit what might be called the Black Belt of New York City. This is bounded by Thirty-third and Twenty-fourth streets Eighth and Sixth avenues, the greater portion of it being in what is known as the Feudervien district, the wealthiest district in New York, as it contains the city residences of most of our millionaires, and also all the great cafes and hotels, including the world-famed Delmonico, the Hoffman House, the Victoria, the Gilsey House, Fifth Avenue Hotel, and many other great hostelires. Here also are the great gambling houses of New York, where champagne is as free to their patrons as water, and where the richest game and most delicate viands are served without charge.

In the Afro-American section, the stranger will see them by the hundreds on the streets and in the dwelling houses, yet how few in business. However, here are ten barber shops, three of which are elegantly fitted up, three liquor stores doing well, one particularly; several restaurants and boarding houses, one cigar manufacturer, one station, and one grocer. In relation to the necessity for the large number of barber shops, I will mention an incident that speaks for itself. It occurred a few weeks ago, and was told by one of the swell members of the Racquet Club. This member was sitting in one of the handsomely fitted up barber shops in the vicinity of Twenty-third street and Fifth Avenue. He was reading a paper while waiting his turn. Suddenly he heard an exchange of words, and looking up saw the proprietor engaged in conversation with a well-clad young colored man whom he had frequently seen in the neighborhood, and these were the barber's exact words: "You know that I don't shave your people; you know my customers would object to it; as far as I am concerned I care not. However, why don't you go up to some of the nicer shops of your own people; you will help them and they need your patronage more than I." The colored gentleman went out looking thoughtful, to say the least. The same feeling that barber expressed in that high-toned locality about his customers, is the same with the customers of the vilest five cent shops. Through the entire city there are very few in business, and those who are have a tough time of it, because they are greatly handicapped by their color. The consequence is, they get a small portion of the white trade and a very small portion of the colored trade. Within the past six months, Mr. George Francis, the only colored retail druggist in New York City, and Messrs. Washington and Johnson, grocers, have closed. These are two of the less than seven Afro-Americans who were in legitimate business on public thoroughfares. This is the Empire City, the wealthiest city in the country, and contains over thirty thousand Afro-Americans. There is one conservative wealthy colored business man here—Dr. P. A. White; he has been in the wholesale drug business nearly forty years. There are others who, as caterers and janitors have acquired quite a competency, yet we have not one wealthy business man who can come forward and plank down a good round sum, when it is needed, to help a worthy cause. Still every other nationality have such representatives by the dozen, in every locality. Yet, here, picnics are succeeding picnics daily. The churches are announcing large collections for the churches weekly, and the head-waiters, fine looking men, of undoubted executive ability have departed to the summer resorts with their companions of assorted men; and yet we are satisfied to be looked upon as a race of employees in the greatest city of the continent. The Lyceums aud Guilds here are meeting constantly and debating intoxicating subjects, and debating them well. Periodcially we hear about the purchase of a Guild House or Hall. The organization talks over the ways and means; the subject is finally dropped, as the means fail to materialize. Speaking of lyceums, I will relate an occurence that is not such very ancient history, and which readily shows up our people in their true financial condition. About eight years ago several young men here started a colored Young Men's Christian Association. After meeting for awhile in a small room, the leaders concluded that a large hall costing about $100,000 was needed. The Academy of Music at that time the largest hall in New York City, was secured, and a monster meeting given. The Rev. Justin D. Fulton presided. Quite a number of our wealthy and kindly disposed white citizens were present, and also a famous English philanthropist. In the early part of the evening the promoters of the movement glided through the hall with a self-satisfied air. Speeches were made by the invited gentlemen—nice fatherly speeches. The Rev. Justin D. Fulton, in the course of his remarks, complimented the ladies and gentlemen present upon their fine appearances, the fine clothes they wore, and also told them he believed they could purchase a hall at any price, and he intended to help them do it. This expression of his created great applause. In a subsequent remark he told them that they would begin to subscribe then and there on the second fifty thousand of the one hundred thousand dollars. But the first fifty thousand the colored brethren must get themselves. Several thousand dollars were subscribed immediately on the second $50,000. But not even fifty dollars was even collected on the first $50,000 from the colored enthusiasts. We must get into business, and patronize each other when we do, and stop the foolish imitation of wealthy and exclusive whites and try to accumulate money. In one block here on 26th street between 6th and 7th avenues, are two grocers and one butcher, each of whom have a small store in the basement. The majority of their customers are colored. They are not one-fifth as pretentious as many of their colored customers, although between them in 26th and 27th streets they own over one hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of property, which is tenanted by colored people. We have here hundreds who are getting rich off the Negro and he has nothing.

In my next I will write on "What might have been."

"KORTRIGHT."



W. C. CRAYTON, Alderman,
Vicksburgh, Mississippi.

MANHOOD RESPECTED.

The majority of white people respect manhood, character and achievements whether they be found under a colored or a white skin.—Ex.

THE GREAT CITADEL OF POLITICS.

The Noted Chase out Chasing for Recruits—Staid old Philadelphians Aroused and up in Arms Against the Lodge Bill.

Washington, D. C. Special to THE FREEMAN.

The M. L. Quay Club, of Philadelphia, Pa., a colored organization, have adopted strong resolutions against the passage of the Lodge Federal Election Bill, now pending before the Senate. This is an evident fact that men desire to have their names published in the Congressional Record, though they fail to meditate one moment whether or not the act is a commendable one. I say this is neither commendable or desirable, but only demonstrates weakness of assumed leaders. The Federal Electio1 Bill, if passed, will benefit voters in every section of the country, white as well as colored. Of course the colored will receive more benefits in the south, beeause the number is greater.

The Order of Odd Fellows are now making preparations to hold their 5th B. M. C. at Atlanta, Ga., in October. Many of the prominent members of the fraternity are anxious to know whether this meetiug will be of any benefit to the order and the race, held as it is in the heart of secession. The B. M. C. is the largest representative body composed entirely of colored men and many of the lodges elect their ablest members to attend these conventions. I admit that we are told at the conventions every two years by the southern representatives to come south next time, and we will treat you right. Well, yes, the colored people in the south do treat you alright, but there are some other people down there who are not colored, and they seem to control all the public places of amusement, and when a man steps in a drug store and asks for glass of soda water and gets refused on account of color it rather wounds his pride. The B. M. C.'s have been held south long enough and the west ought to have chance; in, fact the District of Columbia ougtht to have the next general meeting because of its central location. No meeting of the kind has ever been held here and the members of the order should have a chance to send their representatives to the Nation's Capital.

The appointment of Mr. Alexander Clark, of Iowa, as Minister to Liberia, is now before the Senate for confirmation.

Mrs. Sarah Paul, of Baltimore, Md., has been sojourning in the city for the past week as the guest of THE FREEMAN representative.

Mr. Nelson J. Booker is now prepairing to erect a handsome private residence in the Northwestern section.

Mr. Leon Turner, a clerk in the Pension Office here, has been sent to Kalamazoo, Mich., as a special examiner. He will probably be there three or four months.

The National Equal Rights Association took the cue a few evenings ago and insurrected itself by adopting resolutions favorable to the passage of the Federal Election Bill.

The Historic Asbury M. E. Church is holding very divided meetings, which is regretted by many persons throughout the country who have visited them during their sojourn in the city.

Editor Wm C. Chase has left the city for a jaunt through New Jersey, New York and Massachusetts, presumable for the purpose of replenishing his Ammunition Chest, so it would be well for the hungry herd of office seekers to take notice, and not come in contact with Bro. Chase's gun when he returns.

DROPLETS.

Something That Will Interest our Readers in Staunton, Va—Our Pencil-Pusher Piles up a Few Items.

Staunton, Va., Special to THE FREEMAN.

I notice one of the white men carrying the mail, appointed the same time R. J. Shelton, an Afro-American, was. It is said Shelton will go on the next man.

William Monroe is building a house.

Frank Booker is stll confined to his bed.

R. H. Southall is sick, at his home on North Beverly street.

Every body should read THE FREEMAN; it is a first-class paper.

George W. Johnson will soon have his three story house completed.

B. Perkins is reported as much better, and is able to go about in his room.

You don't have THE FREEMAN to walk after; it will be brought to your door.

An excursion from Richmond, Va., came into Staunton on Sunday morning August 3rd.

Mrs. Luther E. Morris, of Baltimore, Md., is on a visit to her mother-in-law, Mrs. Marget Morris.

Mrs. Catherine Lindsay, of Washington, D. C., is here on a visit to her brother, Oliver Gray.

Friday, August 8th was a pleasant day in the grove—a union picnic by various Sunday Schools.

A. N. Smith, who was called to Little Rock, Ark., has returned to Staunton, accompanied by his wife.

John A. Holmes and Mrs. O. D. Morris are attending the camp meeting and visitidg their friends at Mt. Marlodian.

Rev. R. H. Porter, pastor of the Third Baptist church, of Alexandria, Va., is in the city for a few days, looking after his property.

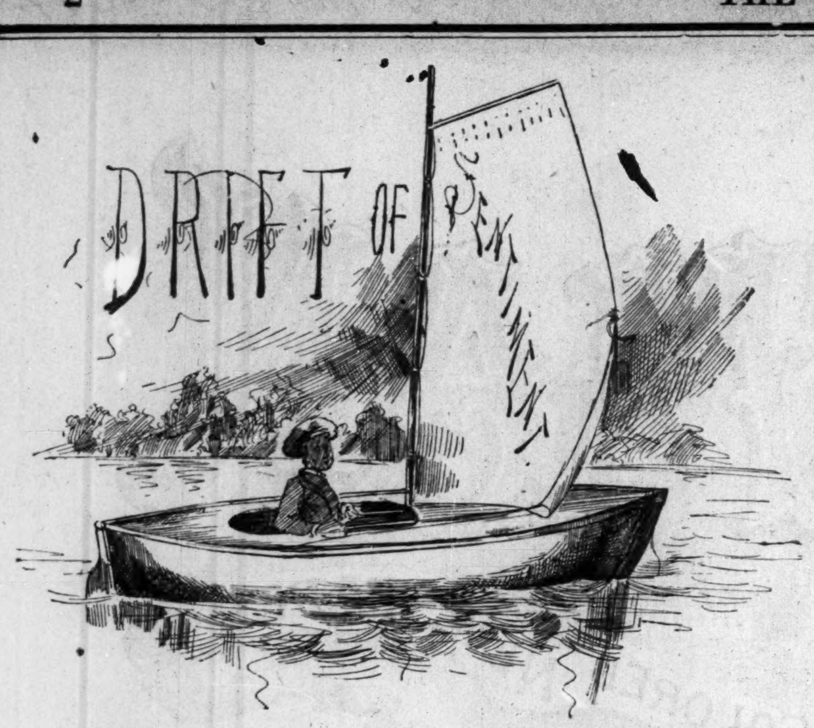
THE FREEMAN is indorsed here by our best readers; those who have not taken it, let them come forward and get copies.

THE FREEMAN will be on sale every Saturday at John Harris' barber-shop and J. H. Gibson's grocery store

I shall give a list of Afro-Americans that have bought lots in Weston's addition to Staunton in one of the issues of THE FREEMAN soon.

Fifteen of the white grocery stores have employed Afro-Americans. The Adam's and American Express companies have Afro-Americans employed, as also do the leading lines of railroad entering here.

HOOK.



RECOGNITION.

We are pleased to see that the State Department is recognizing our race in making consular appointments. It is always best to be slow and sure.—The New South.

JUST A DIFFERENCE.

When a Negro misappropriates articles or monies belonging to others, a thief is caught. But when a white man steals a few hundred or a few thousands of dollars whether from individuals or from "Uncle Sam," he is only a little "short;" he has only "gone astray."—Ex.

NEGRO CONVENTION.

Our Kansas colored citizens have called a convention at Salina, Kansas, sometime in August to select a colored man as candidate for State Auditor. The Republican State convention to nominate State officers does not meet however, before September. Our Kansas friends doubtless know what they are doing. We confess we do not understand the situation.—Ex.

LOTTERIES.

How can the pious humbug at the head of the post-office department hope to prevent money being sent to the Louisiana lottery. This means nothing. There are a thousand dodges out of it and surely all the letters sent through the mails are not presumed to be opened. We oppose lotteries, and always did, but our Christian (?) politician is swimming in the consomme.

HOW TO GET THERE.

"If" the Negro wants to be a strong and powerful race, by which to keep pace with the strides of modern civilization and to clear the sky of racial prejudice, as much as in him lieth so to do, "Then" let him acquire property, get homes, make investments, found enterprises, educate himself indnstrially, protect his females, have race pride and acquaint himself with all the sciences of the age, and help to develop something worthy among the race, for the good of the country.

NOT SLAVES ANY LONGER.

The Courier is entirely mistaken when it designates the colored men of this city as being political slaves. No longer than last spring, they demonstrated beyond all question, their political freedom, by defeating the entire Republican city ticket. This certainly was proof most positive that the lash of the one time bosses had lost its terrors and its power. Colored men now, know their rights, they have demonstrated their power and they know how to use it.—Evansville Bulletin.

SOUND ADVICE.

We cannot hope to see ourselves succeed when we work against ourselves. If we expect to see the business talent in the Negro developed we must give the young ones a chance to be trained to a business life. We must do more toward business projects in the future than we have done in the past. Let us have the manhood to treat one another right and push the work of Negro progress. The Negroes have done well but not half as well as they could have done had they been united. Let us do something while we can. Buy land and build houses to rent if nothing else.—Ex.

DIVIDING THE NEGRO VOTE.

Democrats are continually urging a division of the colored vote, upon the ground that the Republican party is insincere and have no use for the Negro except his vote. The colored vote will never show a substantial division between the two great political parties of this country, until the Democratic party will show by their acts a determination to protect the Negro in every right, political and civil.—Florida Sentinel.

The Hon. W. D. McCoy, of Indiana, is thus spoken of by the People's Friend of Helena, Ark: As thus predicted in these columns several weeks ago, our old friend and former townsman, Mr. W. D. McCoy, who now resides in Indianapolis, Ind., has been given the Republican nomination, from his county, for the legislature. The honor could not have fallen upon a more deserving young man, and if he is elected, he will be a representative of whom the whole people of his county will be proud. The Friend congratulates Mack on his success.

ODD FELLOWS CELEBRATION.

Fascinating Letter from Louisiana-Speaks of an Eminent Divine—Prominent Politician—Coming Afro-Amertcans—Wealthy White Citizens.

Morgan City, La., Special to THE FREEMAN.

The Afro-Americans of our little town are making great preparations to receive District Lodge No. 21, G. U. O. of O. F., which will meet here on Aug. 7th with the Golden Arkansas Lodge, No. 2224, G. U. O. of O. F. This is the best and most prosperous lodge of the state, owning their own property, one of the finest halls in the city. Its membership is made up of some of the best and most intelligent young Afro-Americans of the community. Immediately after organizing they will proceed to the Mt. Zion Church in a body, where their annual sermon will be preached by the Rev. John Wilson, who is one of the ablest and most intelligent divines in this section of the country. This church has just undergone a thorough repair, and presents a beautiful appearance, and is a credit to the comunity. They will wind up their session here on Saturday, Aug. 9th, with a grand street parade and oration at night, which will be delivered by Hon. Chas. B. Wilson, of New Orleans.

There is an interesting fight going on here over the Special Day Collectorship of Customs. Mr. F. M. Tucker, an intelligent and indnstrious Afro-American, is being vigorously pressed for the place by his friends. Mr. Tucker was the Republican candidate for the Legislature from this parish in the spring of 1888, but was counted out. As an evidence of his popularity, he ran 137 votes ahead of his ticket, being supported by some of our wealthiest white citizens. But it seems that the present Collector, Mr. Jolly, is not friendly disposed towards Mr. Tucker, prefering to retain a Democrat than to appoint Mr. Tucker, not because he is incompetent or unworthy in any respects, but simply because he is not a tool in the hands of unscrupulous politicians. He is a young man of ability, courage ane aggreseion; a man who will stake his life in defence of his race. He is greatly feared by a ring of white politicians, who take all the offices for themselves, and feed the Negro on promises. Mr. Tucker is a personal and political friend of Naval Officer Patty, and has that gentleman's warm support. In the end Mr. Tucker will come out alright.

BAY SIDE.

SPRIGLETS FROM

"Pine Tree" of Springfield—The Very Latest and Freshest From the "Champion City."

Springfield Ohio, Special to THE FREEMAN.

We have a new mail carrier, F. E. Hall.——Mr. Barker, of Washington, Pa., is visiting Mr. Burrell.——Frank Harris, of Phenia, is here calling on lady friends.——Messrs. John Jackson and Co. have opened up a nice billiard room, the first door north of Lagonda Bank.——Barnett, Morison and Co., of the Fountain restaurant, are FREEMAN agents, and are building up an extensive trade.——The 9th Regiment, O. N. G. goes in camp at Washington, C. H. on the 14th.——In the death of Judge Chas. R. White we lost a life long friend to our race.——Where are the fifty Afro-American Democrats coming from who will be here at the state convention?——Mr Turner, our meat merchant, is a hustler.——Charter Oak Literary Society is moving slowly but surely.——A. H. H. is a hustler but he is Canada bound.——A large party from Wilberforce, passed through on the 31st, enroute to Niagara Falls and Toronto.——Thos. Clay, has the new Government Building, looking like a parlor.

"PINE TREE" AGENT.

Has Takn the Lad.

If there is a newspaper published by colored men in the United States that is worthy of the patronage of every member of the race, it is THE FREEMAN, published at Indianapolis, Ind, by Edward E. Cooper, Esq. It is a splendid illustration of the rapid and wonderful advance made by the Negro race in literary affairs since emancipation. THE FREEMAN has taken the front rank in journalism. The exalted position it has attained through the superior generalship of its worthy editor, aided by a corps of brilliant writers throughout the country, depicts for its wonderful future.—The San Francisco Sentinel.

BALTIMORE LETTER.

The Galilean Fishermen's Reunion—Garden Concert by Phonetic Quartette-Sad Accident on the Bay—A Colored Tennis Club—Social and Personals.

Baltimore Md., Special to THE FREEMAN.

The Galilean Fishermen, one of the strongest and most powerful secret organizations, of color, in this State, celebrated its reunion on Tuesday in the John Wesley M. E. church. The several sessions were remarkably well attended. An address was delivered by Mayor Davidson, in which he paid quite a compliment to the organization and encouraged them to increase their members and stand united, as by so doing the power and influence on the communities in which they existed would be greatly enlarged. Many delegates from different parts of the country participated in the reunion exercises. Baltimore is somewhat of a headquartes for the organization, for it was here that its founder, Hemsly Nichols, first started the organization. It is here that they have erected a magnificent temple, and it is here that its Grand Ruler, Thomas I. Hall, resides. The organization is in a prosperous condition, not only here, but wherever its branches have been established.

Next week there will be given, at the new Knox Presbyterian church, quite a novel entertainment, it will be called a "Garden Concert," the music to be rendered by the Phonetic quartette, consisting of the following well-known and talented vocalists: Messrs J. H. Dunger, leader; Hawkins, Lee and Nichols, This concert bids fair to be a grand event. The church is surrounded by a handsome and pleasant garden ang the music, though rendered in the church, can be heard outside as well.

Not since the summer when the pier at Tivoli gave away, and the waters of the Chesapeake opened and received the bodies of hundreds of pleasure seekers, has there been such a horrible accident as occured on last Tuesday evening. The Louise, a regular excursion boat, running from Baltimore to Talchester colided with the steamer Virginia, and fourteen lives were lost. The steamboat inspectors are now investigating the matter, in order to determine upon whom the responsibility shall rest.

The colored ladies of Baltimore are by no means backward; they are up with the times, and no pleasure of a healthful character is allowed to elude them. This is evidenced by the existence of a Lawn Tennis club among the colored ladies of this city. The members are Misses Callie and Gertie Deaver, Annie May and Ellen Butler, Mamie Huston, Ida and Estella Cummings, Mr. and Mrs. Garnett Walker. The club plays twice a week on the tennis grounds at Druid Hill Park, and some of the ladies have become to be quite expert players.

Several prominent colored residents ef the Eleventh Ward are spoken of for the first branch of the city council. Let the colored voters of this ward show to the country at large that when they have the numbers coupled with the intelligence and ability to fill places of honor, that they will stand by their own

NEGRO REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The Henderson County Tennessee Negroes Meet in Convention—They Expatiate, Resolve, Indorse and Return Home in Glorious Feeling.

Lexington, Tenn., special to THE FREEMAN.

The colored men of Henderson county met in convention at the court house August 2nd, and elected Dr. L. S. Douglas chairman, and J. W. O. Garrett secretary, after which H. F. Pyles stated their object in a brief manner. Dr. Douglas and Rev. E. E. Hansborough made speeches to the convention which were sound in doctrine. Speeches were also made by J. A. Harman, J. B. Walker, and A. P. Powell.

The following resolutions were introduced by the committee on resolutions, and adopted by the meeting:

Be it resolved, That we re-affirm our allegiance to the Republican party of our nation, State and country.

Be it further resolved, That we indorse the administration of President Harrison.

Be it further resolved, That we indorse the actions of the Republican party in convention at our State Capital, July 30, 1890, in adopting a platform and nominating a standard-bearer for the people of Tennessee, and most heartily pledge our separate and joint support to the same.

Be it further resolved, That we denounce the principles advocated by the Democracy of Tennessee, and especially the laws passed by them in the last legislature of Tennessee known as the poll-tax law, better known to us as the disfranchising law, as it forces each and every man to be worth two dollars regardless of his condition in life, before he can exercise the grand privileges guaranteed to him by the Constitution of the United States.

Be it further resolved, That we present the name of L. S. Douglass to the Republican convention to make a race for representative, to represent this county in the next general assembly of Tennessee. L. S. Douglas, chairman; J. W. O. Garrett, secretary.

The Greatest Colored Newspaper.

THE FREEMAN, an illustrated colored newspaper published at Indianapolis, Ind., by Edward E. Cooper, at $2.40 a year, is the greatest race newspaper printed in this country. Mr. Cooper is an educated gentleman, a man of talent, and his effort to establish a representative newspaper should be appreciated by both white and black. Send for a sample copy.—Mansfield, (Ill.,) Hearld

Great Britain has a continuous subsidized line of travel and transportation from Liverpool to China, by means of the Canadian Pacific railway and fleet steamers on both the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

Once more it is claimed that the air ship has been successfully invented. One ascension which was really moderately successful has been made. The air ship is worked by propellers, and is steerable. It traveled several miles in an hour and three-quarters.

The gigantic new stock yard combine at Chicago wants the earth. It is accused of intending to lay one of its octopus arms upon every stock yard in the Union, be the same small or great. When it does, if its first work is to make beef cheaper to the consumer and the next to make boarding house steak tenderer, we shall be prepared to forgive it all its sins and pray for its salvation besides. Gigantic syndicates need all the prayers they can get.

Newport, R. I., is unhappy. There is a gnawing pain at her heartstrings that never ceases night or day. The reason is this: Summer excursionists with beer, Frankfort sausage and brass bands have invaded her holy limits. Never again can Newport be high nosed and exclusive. Never again can she arch her back upon the top round of the ladder and hiss at the rest of the world. Cheap excursionists in Newport! These be indeed common times.

House Boats.

In China the population is so numerous that it has filled up all the land and slopped over into rivers and lakes. Borrowing this idea from the Chinese perhaps, some restless Americans who sigh for change are beginning to set the fashion of spending their summer vacations in house boats, traveling in a leisurely style from point to point along the shores of lakes and rivers.

Those who have tried this plan of summering speak of it with enthusiasm. The boat itself is merely a heavy scow. decked over, and with a cabin more or less spacious covering the deck, except a walk around the edge. The cabin is divided into kitchen, living room and one or two bedrooms. Awnings, curtains, luxurious rugs and low seats provide at once for picturesqueness and comfort. Mattresses are spread upon the floor at night and rolled away out of sight in daytime.

Upon a river it is good policy to have the house boat towed up stream several hundred miles and then let her float down lazily and dreamily toward the river's mouth. Aboard are fishing tackle, books, musical instruments that can be carried about easily and plenty of lockers for provisions. In spots where fruits, vegetables and poultry most abound the house boat is tied up for a day or two and supplies are laid in. A sail adds to the pleasure of the trip when the wind is favorable. Thus far more than the benefit travelers get from a summer hotel may be secured in a cheap, restful and delightful way. In this way expenses for wardrobe do not count at all. The worst trouble comes from malaria and mosquitoes.

Elevators Run by Oil Power.

It is said there is not in Europe a steam pump worthy the name, or a passenger elevator, except that in the Eiffel tower, and it was built by an American firm.

Europeans are afraid of the American hydraulic elevator, that runs up like a shot, but which, all the same, is as solid as the everlasting hills. Even that, however, has been distanced by the latest invention for hoisting heavy articles. The new hoist has been attached to one of the largest sugar refineries in America, and is utilized for lifting the great hogsheads of crude sugar from the hold of a vessel to the refining floors. This tremendous hoist will lift at the same moment two platforms, each containing twelve hogsheads. They go up just as the passengers in the hydraulic elevator do—"like a shot."

The principle is the same as that on which the passenger elevators are constructed—fluid pressure. A little steam pump which moves so slightly that one can scarcely see it sends the fluid up to the roof. Here are great tanks, holding in case of the hoist thousands of gallons. The pressure lifts a given weight below, according to the approved rules of mechanics. The motion is communicated to a great hollow cylinder which turns slowly and gently. But connected with it is a smaller cylinder which is also turned, and which must necessarily move faster than the large one. Then comes another and another, each smaller and more rapid than the one before it. The cylinders are called "accumulators," and the last one, which directly lifts the hoist, moves at tremendous speed, sending the elevator up rapidly.

One unusual arrangement in the sugar refinery hoist is that the tanks supplying the fluid pressure are filled with oil instead of water. This is to prevent freezing in winter. The oil flows down and is pumped back again, circulating constantly. The only loss is that occasioned by friction. This powerful new hoist will serve an excellent purpose in mines and wherever great weights are to be lifted. The fact that oil, as well as water, can be used for the pressure will enable any kind of operations to be conducted in winter as in summer in regions ordinarily ice locked.

$15.00 TO BOSTON AND RETURN VIA NEW YORK.

Account National G. A. R. Encampment via C. H. & D. and Erie, the route selected for the Headquarters trains of the States of Ohio and Kentucky.

Tickets on sale August 8th, 9th, and 10th: good returning until August 20, 1890.

The official trains will leave Cincinnati 4 P. M., Saturday, August 9th. By this route stop-overs at New York City, Lake Chatauqua and Niagara Falls are allowed on return trip.

For information call on or address nearest agent C. H. & D. or Erie Ry. ticket agents.

THE FREEMAN

Is for sale at the Chickasaw Grocery Co., 159 Poplar Street, Mempeis, Tenn., every Saturday,

TEXAS 3-BLADE Mention this Paper. SENT BY MAIL, Postage Paid, FOR $1.25

Our Texas Cattle Knife takes the cake. They are made from Wardlow's finest English Steel. Hand forged, oil tempered. We have sold them for years and they have given the best satisfaction.

ALLING & LODGE, MADISON, IND.

"Thoughts in Verse."

A Volume of Poems of 113 Pages,

By Rev. Geo. C. Rowe

Should be in Every Home.

All races prize their own literature—why not the Negro?

PRESS COMMENTS.

"It needs no praise from our feeble pen."—Charleston Recorder.

"We take pleasure in speaking in praise of the poems in this work, not because the writer is colored, but because the poems are good."—Western Appeal.

"Mother," "Record Above," "Hold Fast," "Hold On," and "Power of a Song," are among the most beautiful poems I have ever read."—D. Augustus Straker, Solicitor in Chancery, Detroit, Mich.

Richly bound in cloth, Price $1, sent post-paid on receipt price. Agents wanted. Address with stamp

Rev. Geo. C. Rowe,

Charleston, S. C.

or sent with THE FREEMAN one year on receipt of $2.60.

Niagara Falls Excursion!

Wednesday August 6, 1890.

—VIA THE—

Lake Erie & Western R. R.

"NATURAL GAS ROUTE."

On Wednesday, August 6th, 1890, the above, railroad will run their popular annual excursion to Cleveland, Chautauqua Lake, Buffalo and Niagra Falls, at the following very low rates. viz:

Peoria	$7 50
Bloomington	7 00
LaFayette	6 00
Michigan City	6 00
Indianapolis	5 00
Tipton	5 00
Muncie	5 00
Lima	4 00
Sandusky	4 00
Fremont	4 00

With a corresponding reduction from intermediate points.

Additional Privileges offered Niagara Falls Excursionists this Year.

Sunday at Niagara Falls, also special Excursion side trips as follows, ticket for which will be issued on the train at a special reduction from usual advertised rates; Niagara Falls to Lewiston-on-the-Lake, includiug a steamboat ride on Lake Ontario for 25 cents; to Toronto and return by lake from Lewiston, $1.00; Thousand Islands, $5.00; Chautauqua Lake from Brocton Juncton FREE OF CHARGE.

Tickets of admission to places of special interest at or near Niagara Falls, but outside of the reservation, including toll over the international bridge to the Canada side, elevators to the water's edge at Whirlpool Rapids on the Canada side, will be offered on the train at a reduction from prices charged after reaching the Falls.

DO NOT [illegible] opportunity to spend Sunday at Niagara Falls. The excursion train will arrive at Niagara Falls 7.00 a. m., Aug. 7th, and leave returning, 5:30 a.m. (Central time), Friday August 8th; but excursion tickets will be good returning on all regular trains up to and including Monday, August 11th, 1890. Secure your tickets and sleeping car berths early. For further information apply to ticket agents L. E. & W. R. R., or address

C. F. DALY,

Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent,

Indianapolis.

P. SINDLINGER,

—Wholesale and Retail—

BEEF AND PORK PACKERS.

Hams, Bocon Shoulders, Dried Beef and al kinds of Sausages a Specialty.

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Should take atvantage of the Rate of One Fare for the Round Trip as named by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R. to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Texas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Idaho, Wyoming, North and south Dakota, Montana, Minnesota, New Mexico, Utah, and to points in Missouri, Iowa, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, and Tennessee which will afford them a grand oppertunity to view the Western and Southwestern Country the dates on which these Excursions will be run are April 22d, May 22d, September 9th, September 23rd and October 14th, 1890.

For rates and information call on or address your nearest Agent.

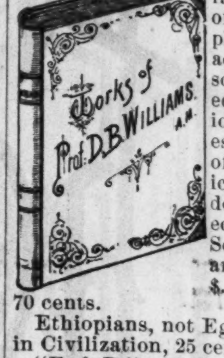
E. O. McCormick.

Gen'l Pass. and & Tkt. Agt.

BIG 4 ROUTE, Niagara Falls Excur.ion. Tuesday, August 19, 1890.—Niagara Falls, $5.00 round trip; Toronto, $6.00 round trip; Alexandria Bay, $10.00 round trip. Wait for the excursion or the only direct line, the popular Big Four, which always provides ample sleeping-car, and coach accommodations.

AGENTS WANTED!!

"Freedom and Progress."



It contains valuable facts on the progress of the colored people. It has choice addresses on history, science, philosophy, education and religion. "The addresses are masterpieces of grammar, rhetoric and logic." Indorsed by educators, editors and parents. Sells well with white and colored. Cloth $.00. Paper covers 70 cents.

Ethiopians, not Egyptians, Pioneers in Civilization, 25 cents.

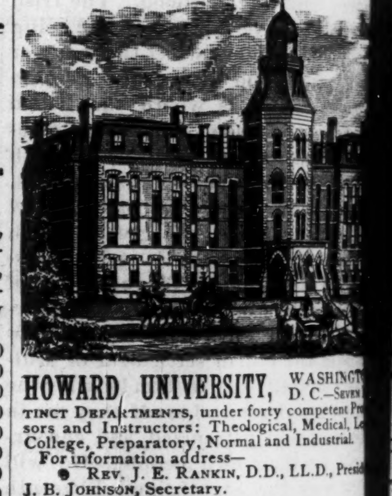
"F. & P." and THE FREEMAN for one year, $2.40; six months, $1.35. These books may be obtained by addressing THE FREEMAN, 31 & 33 N. Penn. street, Indianapolis, Ind.

Wanted NEGROES

To Sell Our Royal Book,

"The Black Phalanx."

It is a history of the Negro Soldiers and gives a full account of their services in fighting for freedom and the Union, from the Revolution to the present time. SPLENDID PICTURES of the Negro Troops. All say it is the grandest book ever written. Piles of money to be made selling it for every body wants it. You Can Make Money. One man has already made 600 dollars on 50 books. Don't fail to send at once for circulars and see our Liberal Terms to Agents. Address AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Ct. Boston Cincinnati or St. Louis.



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REV. J. E. RANKIN, D.D., LL.D., President.

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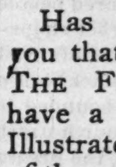
POEMS BY WHITTIER, LONGFELLOW & TENNYSON Illustrated. 3 volumes for only 10c. F. W. BENTON, Publishers, St. Louis.

100 SONGS Words & Music Complete. Choice collection of gems only. GUIDE PUB. CO., St. Louis.



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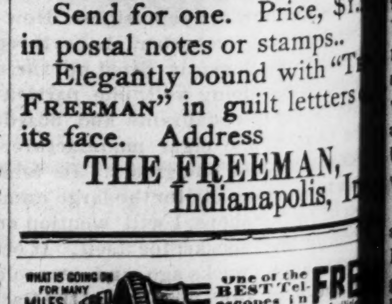
A FILE OF THE FREEMAN.

Has it ever occurred to you that by keeping a File of THE FREEMAN, you would have a complete volumn of Illustrated matter at the end of the year? THE FREEMAN is in itself a contemporary history of the Afro-American and by purchasing a file you can have it in book form. A picture of the Binder—



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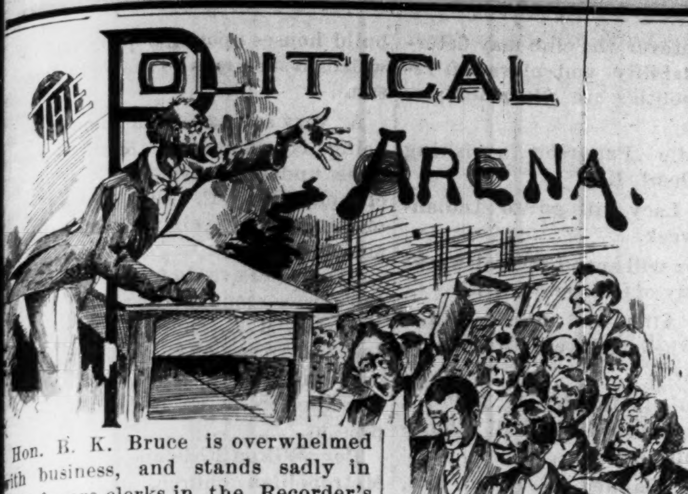


Hon. B. K. Bruce is overwhelmed with business, and stands sadly in need of more clerks in the Recorder's office.

—o—

Hon. H. P. Cheatham, of N. Carolina, is highly endorsed by his people as a fit person to succeed himself in Congress.

—o—

Hon. E. E. Smith, Minister to Liberia was tendered a magnificent reception by the people of Goldsboro, N. C., on his return from Africa, recently.

—o—

Public Printer Palmer, Washington, D. C., has appointed more Negroes to positions in the department of printing than any of his predecessors.

—o—

Hon. John H. Williamson and other prominent and influential leading representatives of the Negro race, have called a representatives of the race, to meet in Raleigh, N. C., August 26th.

—o—

J. T. Baily, a colored Democrat of standing, well educated and a successful lawyer, of Little Rock, Ark., has commenced the publication weekly paper in the interest of his race.

—o—

The new political party, Farmer's Alliance, has some 5,000 colored members in Texas. Mr. A. J. Crothers, an influential Afro-American leader, has addressed these Alliance people a letter urging harmony and united action.

—o—

J. Bowser, of Hartfort, Conn., has, through the influence of Senator Hawley, been appointed to the consulship of Sierra Leone. Mr. Bowser has for years conducted a barber-shop in Hartford and Senator Hawley was an old customer.

—o—

Col. W. A. Pledger has announced himself as a candidate for Congress from his district. If elected he will certainly be an valuable accession to the small band of Afro-Americans now so near and yet so far from their seats. Col. Pledger is a shrewd politican and knows the needs of his race in the south. While we are not in accord with his style of treating his friends, we believe that he would do his full duty as a Congressman Pledger.—Central City Times.

"TO ARMS! THE GREEK, THE GREEK!"

Reply of Sergeant Turner to C. H. J. Taylor., Esq.—Lay on McDuff, Lay on.

To THE FREEMAN.

I saw in the Kansas City Times of the 21st inst., an article headed "The Negro in the South," the remarks of C. H. J. Taylor, which every colored man of intelligence would take as an insult. He claims that he investigated the race situation in the south, and that it was perfectly satisfactory to him. He certainly is not interested in the welfare of his race if he is satisfied with the condition of the southern or northern Negro of to-day.

The colleges, universities and other institutions of learning are turning out colored graduates by the hundred each year—some graduating with the highest honors of their class, at Harvard and other renowned institutions. What avenues are open to these men and women of culture? Only the white man's kitchen or carriage house, with very few exceptions. He says that he found the Negroes of the south in better shape than when he last saw them. (Probably he has not seen them since the war.) He says that all the hackmen, waiters and barbers are Negroes. These are the only trades that they have been allowed to follow for the past two hundred and fifty years, with, comparatively speaking, a very few exceptions. Again: He says, "we acknowledge that we are not competent to run this great government, and we do not ask to be allowed to run it. Negroes of intelligence realize fully that they are yet below the white standard, morally, financially and intellectually. With such a fact staring them in the face, would they not be fools to ask for more than they are getting? All we want is to receive the consideration accorded foreigners who come here and become American citizens, a position we hold by right of birth."

Who authorized Mr. Taylor to answer for us as a whole in this respect? Here he contradicts himself. He disgraces himself by acknowledging that he is not capable of holding an office, either morally, financially or intellectually. Yet he desires to have the same rights accorded foreigners, who do not know what morality or intelligence is. They come to this country and are elected or appointed to office before they are naturalized and before they learn to speak our language. I do not believe Mr. Taylor is capable of assisting in running this government, but there are a great many colored men more worthy in every respect than many of the foreigners that do hold an office. Mr. Taylor should be entirely ignored by every respectable colored person, for his remarks proves that he is our bitterest enemy and antagonist; in other words he is a white man's "nigger."

He further says that "there is no trouble in the south between the whites and the blacks." Then he contradicts this statement by adding that "the whole trouble is between the lower classes—the canallie of the two races brings about all the trouble the south hears of; the black saloon loafers and the good-for-nothing white men are all that know anything about race troubles." From these remarks I judge that Mr. Taylor considers Bishop Turner and many other prominent colored persons who were ejected from cars on southern railroads, saloon loafers; all those men who were murdered at Barnwell, also those murdered in Louisiana and Mississippi they all were saloon loafers. He says that "the well-meaning white man regards the Negro as a business man and an industrious worker." We know this, but the well meaning white man never attempts to bring to justice those who burn down the houses of colored men and women under them in their sleep, chase them through woods and swamps and commit many other outrages, but on the other hand if there is a Negro to be lynched they are the first to pull the rope. He says that "The Feberal Election Bill is an ill advised measure and will interfere with the progress and trpde of the south." If the trade and progress of the south will be retarded by making a law that will give every man his elective franchise without intimidation, let the trade and progress stop. If there is no need of such a law the southerners would not be making such a to-do about it. If it does not spur them, why do they kick?

From the language of Mr. Taylor I am of the opinion that he will sell his rights as an American citizen, just for the sake of having some white saloon keeper call him a good "nigger." I have seen several of his stamp, and they should be given a wide berth by all colored persons who have the least race pride, and let them see how much love the white man has for them.

There could be more said on this subject, but I consider the space in your paper too valuable to be used in rebuttal to the remarks of a person with no more manhood than alphabetical Taylor.

Respectfully,

CHARLES B. TURNER,

Sergt. Troop "E" 10th Calvary.

Fort Apache, Arizona.

Virginia Teachers Association.

Special to THE FREEMAN.

The above named organization met on July 14th and 15th at the V. N. H. I. After the transaction of general business and the reports of the secretary, Prof. C. J. Daniel and the chairman of the Ex. Board, Prof. A. M. Williams, A. M., papers was read on the "Importance of Industrial Training to the Colored Youth," by J. E. Dodson and "Normal Teaching in the Public Schools" by Miss A. W. Pondexter. On Tuesday afternoon Prof's. E. D. Scott and J. M. Colson, A. B. read papers on "The Study of English" and "Higher Education." At the night session Prof. D. B. Williams, A. M., delivered an address on "Some Facts Which our Children Should Know," and Miss E. E. Bagby read a paper on "Moral Teaching in our Schools." The meeting was harmnous in its proceedings and a lively interest seemed to have been aroused. The association will meet on the 8th of July, 1891 at the V. N. and C. I.

FROM CARROLTON, KY.

Lecture—Churches—Business—Deaths—Personals—Picnic, etc.

Carrolton, Ky., Special to THE FREEMAN.

Carrolton is said to be the oldest town on the Ohio river. It is situated near the mouth of the great Kentucky river. It has not made much progress. Here are located the following manufactories; one woolen mill, that runs regular, one furniture factory that makes the finest furniture that is made, two saw and planing mills. No colored hands work at either of them. We have two churches, Baptist and Methodist, both are doing very well. The Rev. George Hampton is pastor of the Baptist and Rev. Mr. Smith, is the pastor of the Methodist. Two delivery wagons, the property of J. W. Harris, delivers for all the stores. One barbershop run by a colored man but receives no colored customers. It is kept by Jones and Woods, they keep all kinds of tobacco and do a good business.——Rev. Allen Ross lectured here Saturday on the "Negro Problem" to a large audience in the court house. Many of the best white people attended. Both white and colored said it was as good a lecture as they wished to hear. Mr. Ross will lecture at Worthville and Vevay, Ind., next week on the same subject. Mr. Ross speaks of THE FREEMAN to the audience in highest terms, saying that the editor is one of the finest men and the paper is doing the best work of any colored newspaper in the world.——Miss Lucy Whitehead is up again and is at her old stand.——George Carter and family mourns the loss of their young child.——The Odd Fellows of Carrolton and Ghent went to Warsaw to day to turnout with the lodge there. All unite in saying they enjoyed themselves.

VERGANA.

Personal Tit-bits of Affairs in the Nutmeg State.

Norwich, Conn., Special to THE FREEMAN.

Miss Jessie Smith was in the city the past week.

Fred Diamond made a trip to Boston the past week.

William Taylor and R. H. Height, of the Pequot, left the city for Naragansett Pier Saturnay.

Miss Delia Thompson and James Gardiner were united in matrimony during the week by Rev. A. M. Harrison.

Johnnie Overtown, who made a visit to Providence, to attend a visit to Rocky Point, returned Saturday, and reports a pleasant trip.

H. O. Harris, of Albany, who spent Sunday as the guest of Miss Jackson, returned to New York Saturday night from thense to Benedict Park New Jersey.

The ball given by the Bellman, at the Pequot, proved to be quite a success. All who attended reports a good time. Those who was present of the city were Messrs Williams, Adams, S. Broddard, Jenett, Wilson and Mrs. Williams, of Norwich.

The corner stone of Shorter Chapel was laid July 20th, at Martin, Deleware County, Pa.

The opening address of the Catholic Congress at Cincinnati was made by Dan. A. Rudd.

Rev. C. L. Lane, who was transfered from the East Florida Conference to the Louisiana Conference is dead.

Zion Chapel, a new church recently completed at Marim, Ala., will be dedicated the third Sunday in August.

The District Couference of the Second District of the A. M. E. Zion Church, began its session in Jacob St. Church, Louisville, Ky., last Thursday.

The A. M. E. Sunday School Convention of the North Louisana Converence was held at Alexandria, La., Aug. 6th., instead of Shreveport. as before mentioned.

The A. M. E. Church, of Birmingham, Ala., is conducting a revival which is attracting the attention of hundreds. Many conversions and seekers are reported nightly.

William Christian, D. D., an Afro-American evangelist, has been preaching in the south on the very incomprehensible subject of "Who was Milchizedek?" Great crowds have listened to his addresses.

The Guadalupa Baptist Association, of Texas, convened at San Marcos on July, 3rd, inst. Rev. P. Mayo, the moderator, opened the Association with a strong address on the sucject of the "Christian duty of the hour."

According to the Vanguard of Little Kock, the Baptists of Arkansas can, on payment of $2,500, get control of a printing office worth $600, building worth $4,000 and land valued at $70,000. The question of how to get the twenty-five hundred is puzzling the leaders.

The Missionary Baptist Sunday Schools of Georgia, held their annual convention at Washington, Wilkes County, Thursday of last week. This organization accomplishes much good for schools of the state and its meetings are harmonious and profitable.

The Southwestern Advocate pays the following complement to Rev. Sissle. "Simpson Chapel, under the pastoral charge of Rev. G. A. Sissle, is making rapid strides to liquidate their long outstanding debt. He raised $227, June 22d, and paid the same on the debt, being $700 paid in fifteen months, leaving $473 unpaid.

There is a movement on foot to organize a Young Men's Christian Association among the colored people of Petersburg. This is the proper thing to do, and if it is managed by active and influential workers there is no reason why it should not succeed and become a power for good in that community.

Our Greatest Commercial Year.

Full reports have come in for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, and they make it the most prosperous commercial year in our history. Exports amounted to a sum nearly one and three-fourth times as large as the public debt. Their sum total was $1,647,192,014. It is the highest figure ever touched by our exports, and $159,658,987 greater than the amount for 1889. Never when the wooden ships of the American merchant marine visited every quarter of the globe, and were more numerous than those of any other nation, did our exports reach anything like such a sum.

The greatest increase was in dressed meats, live stock and dairy products, and the next greatest in breadstuffs. Then came cotton, iron and steel, the latter including both the pure metal and the manufactured product. Last year, for the first time in our history, the exports of iron and steel manufactures amounted to a considerable sum aside from agricultural machinery. The year was a phenomenal one for cotton. Exports of the raw article amounted to about $251,000,000. In 1866 the export value of cotton shipped abroad was greater than this, because of the high price of that staple, it being over $281,000,000, but during the past year nearly four times as much was shipped abroad as in 1866, making it by far the largest cotton year known in amount of crop. But even at the low price that has prevailed for meat producing animals, the value of sheep, cattle and hogs sent abroad was larger than ever before.

Imports increased heavily, too, so as to constitute 1889-90 the top year for imports as well. But it is to be noted that the increase was not in articles of luxury so much as in former years. It was largely in sugar, molasses, coffee, raw and manufactured silk, India rubber, cotton goods and fruits and vegetables, the latter probably consisting partly of Bermuda onions. Imports of wool, hides and manufactured iron and steel decreased in value. We are producing more of these things for ourselves now. Moreover, balancing all our imports, and with them the gold and silver shipped out of the country, in the scales against exports we still find that last year we sold many millions more of goods than we bought. The farmers sold many more of these millions than anybody else, too.

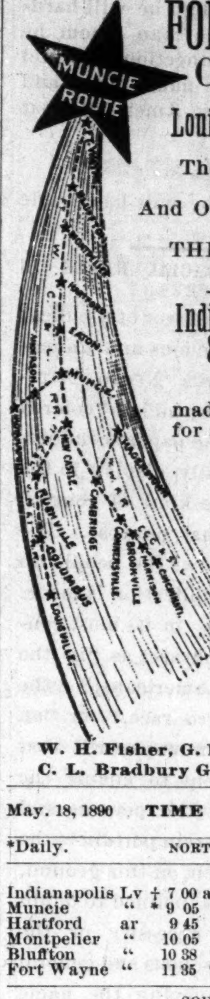
Old, Very Old.

The death is recorded at Newcastle. Wy., of Mrs. Hannah Sullivan, aged 111 years. She lived to this age and died of cancer at last. When we stop to think of what 111 years old means we find that it signifies being born when the American revolution was at its height. It means that there was not a United States government acknowledged to be in existence, not a steamboat, or a railroad, or a telegraph, or a steam printing press. The kinship between electricity and lightning had not been discovered by Benjamin Franklin, and the poor ignorant makers of textile fabrics did not know enough to adulterate silk and woolen goods with cotton so that nobody could detect the steal till he came to wear the articles made of them. Mrs. Sullivan was born in Ireland, and came to America in 1852, being even then an old woman 73 years of age. In course of time this venturesome spirit wandered to Wyoming, where, if she was there twenty years ago, she had the privilege of casting her first vote, at the age of 91, in what became the first state of the first country to give full suffrage to women. Great-grandmother Sullivan did her duty to mankind, she being the grandmother of forty children, and the great-grandmother of twenty-two. After all that she deserved a better fate than to die of the slow agony of cancer.

Noble work that was for a British lord, the earl of Clancarty, to separate son Dunlo from his wife, thereby depriving her of a support and forcing her to go back to the music hall stage for her living, and then to set spies on her track and traps for her footsteps, using every means to make her fall into them, just so that he could have some pretext on which to divorce her from the little idiot, his son, because the alliance was distasteful to the father. A man who would make such war as that on a defenseless woman who worked for her living ought to be a noble lord. He ought to have a string of titles a mile long. He needs them. How sorry we ought to be that we have no titled aristocracy in this country to set before common people the example of being honest and high-minded, and of never stooping to do low, mean things!

The People's Independent party of Nebraska is composed of the Farmers' Alliance, the Grangers and the Knights of Labor. Their platform declares for free silver coinage, government ownership of railroads and telegraphs, the Australian ballot system, an eight-hour labor day, tariff reform and liberal service pensions. Thus it will be seen that the new party have taken into their platform a plank from the silver men, another from the Nationalists, a third from Knights of Labor, a fourth from the free traders and another from the Grand Army men.

It is to be hoped that the rumor is not true that ex-King Milan is about to marry a rich American girl who will take him, his nasty history and his gambling debts all for the sake of being the wife of a royal back number. The girl who would take him—what wouldn't she take?



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The Shortest, Most Popular And Only Line Running THROUGH CARS —BETWEEN— Indianapolis & Fort Wayne

Direct connections made in Union Depot for all points in Northern Indiana AND MICHIGAN

Ask for tickets at Union Station OR Big 4 Office, And give the MUNCIE ROUTE A trial

W. H. Fisher, G. P. A., Fort Wayne.
C. L. Bradbury Ge'l Manager.

May. 18, 1890 TIME CARD. Central Time.

*Daily.		NORTH.		†Ex. Sunday.
Indianapolis	Lv	† 7 00 a m	†11 15 am	*3 15 p m
Muncie	"	* 9 05 "	1 15 pm	5 10 "
Hartford	ar	9 45 "	1 57 "	5 50 "
Montpelier	"	10 05 "	2 15 "	6 08 "
Bluffton	"	10 38 "	2 48 "	6 38 "
Fort Wayne	"	11 35 "	3 45 "	7 40 "

		SOUTH.		
Fort Wayne	Lv	* 6 00 a m	†10 25 am	*6 40 p m
Bluffton	Ar	6 58 "	11 21 "	7 41 "
Montpelier	"	7 38 "	11 52 "	8 14 "
Hartford	"	7 48 "	12 10 pm	8 33 "
Muncie	"	8 20 "	12 50 "	9 15 "
Indianapolis	"	10 30 "	3 50 "	11 20 "

FELIX DAVIS.

Contractor and builder of BRICK WORK Grate Setting, Cistern Building and repairing neatly done.

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Find the route to your destination, with the least number of changes; the quickest time consistent with safety; the route in the best equipment and roadbed; that has the reputation of caring for the safety and comfort of its passengers. Of all things you should shun in buying a ticket, are the cheap-rate routes—the roads that will sell you a ticket for a little less money if you will say nothing about it. You may save fifty cents or a dollar, but you will lose much more in discomforts, in risks of life, in broken connections, loss of time, and everything that make a railroad trip unpleasant. Don't buy of the wiley scalper. Nine times out of ten he will give you inconvenience and trouble before you arrive at your journey's end. Where shall I buy? you ask. Go to the nearest BIG 4 ticket office of course.

TIME CARD.

CLEVELAND DIVISION.

Depart—*1:10 a m, 7 a m, *11:10 a m, *3.05 p m, 6 20 p m.
Arrive—*9:15 a m, *10:30 a m, 5:15 p m, 6:25 p m.

CHICAGO & CINCINNATI DIVISION—EAST.

Depart—*3:55 a m, *6:45 a m, 10:50 a m, *3:10 p m, 5 p m, 6:50 p m.
Arrive—*10 17 a m, *11:00 a m, §12:10 p m, 4:55 p m, *10:55 p m. *1:35 p m.

CHICAGO & CINCINNATI—WEST.

Depart—7:10 a m, *11:10 a m, 10 p m, *11:45 p m.
Arrive—*3:30 a m, 10:35 a m, *3:00 p m, 6:25 p m.

ST. LOUIS & CAIRO DIVISION.

Depart—*7:30 a m, *11:05 a m, 5 p m, *11:05 p m.
Arrive—*4:45 a m, 10:35 a m, *2:50 p m, *6:25 pm.

*Daily. §Sunday only.

ALL RC ORD BRJKEN.

With the change of time taking effect May 18, 1890.

he Solid Vestibule Trains —OF THE— Big Four Route

Will be scheduled so as to provide the best and quickest service ever offered between the NORTH, SOUTH, EAST and WEST.

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The finest train in America, equipped with an Elegant Dining-car Service, runs daily between St. Louis, Cincinnati, —AND— New York and Boston, —VIA THE— Great 4 Track New York Central R. R.

Landing passengers at Grand Central Station in the heart of New York City, from which point street cars and elevated railroads can be taken to any part of the city. No change of cars to Boston. The Southwestern Limited makes direct connection in Union Depots with through trains from all western and southern cities.

Absolutely No Ferry Transfer AND Most complete Vestibuled Trains On the American Continent run daily between Cincinnati and Chicago.

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POPULAR RESTAURANT

AT NOS. 17 AND 19 KY. AVE.

Meals at all hours on short notice. Regular meals at 20 and 15 cents. Come in and see us.

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Important change of Time on the MONON ROUTE.

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

No. 38.—Monon accommodation, daily except Sunday 5:15 p. m
No. 32—Chicago Limited with Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parlor and dining-car daily 11:20 a m
Arrive in Chicago 5:30 p m
No 34—Chicago Night Express with Pullman Vestibuled coaches and sleepers, daily 12:40 a m
Arrive in Chicago 7:35 a m

LEAVE CHICAGO.

No. 31—Indianapolis & Cincinnati Limited Parlor and dining car, daily 9:05 p m
Arrive in Indianapolis 3:00 p m
No. 33—Indianapolis & Cincinnati Vestibuled Night Express, daily 8:35 p m
Arrive in Indianapolis 3:45 a m
No. 48—Local freight, leaves Alabama St. yards 7:05 a m
No. 39.—Monon accommodation arrive 10.40 a m

Pullman Vestibuled Sleeper for Chicago stands at the west end of Union station and can be taken at 8:30 p m daily. The only line running Pullman Perfected Safety Vestibule Trains between Indianapolis and Chicago, heated by steam and illuminated with electric light.

Ticket offices, No. 26 S. Illinois street, Mass. Avenue and Union Station.

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Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis R'y. Offers special advantages to Home Seekers desiring to attend the GREAT AUCTION SALE of 2,500 Choice Residences and Business Lots in EAST CHATTANOOGA, TENN., MAY 6th, 7th and8th.

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Direct connections to and from all points in the U. S. and Canada. Trains arrive and depart from the Indianapolis Union Station as follows:

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*No. 12 passenger,	1:20 a. m.
No. 14 passenger,	7:00 p. m.
†No. 16 express.	11:10 p. m.
ARRIVE.	
*No. 9 passenger,	10:30 a. m.
No. 11 passenger,	2:50 p. m.
No. 13 passenger,	6:20 p. m.
†No. 17 express,	3:25 a. m.

Trains not marked run daily except Sunday, daily, †daily except Salurday.

No. 12, via Tipton, arrives at Bloomington at 9:32 p. m., making direct connection with C. & A. fast train arriving Kansas City 8:55 next morning, connecting direct at Kansas City for Denver, San Francisco and all points west. Free reclining chair cars between Tipton and Missouri river for all passengers. Nos. 9, 10, 12 and 13 connect at Tipton with main line trains for Sandusky, Peoria and all points east and west. Trains Nos. 16 and 17 have elegant free reclining chair cars to all passengers, making direct conneetion at Peru with the Wabash fast trains for Ft. Wayne, Toledo, Detroit and Chicago.

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Pullman Sleepers ON Night Trains.
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THE YEAR ROUND. BETWEEN CITIES ENUMERATED.

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THE FREEMAN.

A : NATIONAL : ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

—AT—

31 AND 33 N. PENN. ST.,

INDIANAPOLIS, - - INDIANA.

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TO CONTRIBUTORS.

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AGENTS.

Agents are wanted in every town and city not now occupied, and liberal inducements will be given to the same. Send for our extraordinary inducements to agents.

Subscribers are requested to remit by Post Office, Money Order, Postal Note or Registered Letter.

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INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

Agents Wanted.

The publisher of THE FREEMAN wants good agents to canvass for subscribers at all points not already occupied. Good inducements offered. Address for terms,

THE FREEMAN.
Indianapolis, Ind.

PITY the man who in his pharisaical pride of race descries a race enterprise.

THE Republican party could do much more necessary good for the "brother in black" had it a mind to.

OUR New York correspondent forcibly reminds us that as yet the race is not recklessly imbued with a spirit of mercantile life.

IT would seem that to have been a barber "before de war" was to be in the pupa state of future greatness; the metamorphosis is actively apparent.

PRESIDENT HARRISON evidently intends taking the "bull by the horns" as is indicated by his ukase against the lotteries. His short, though piquant message to Congress has the Sunday School ring in it and will, doubtless, with the recommendation of S. S. Superintendent Wanamaker have weight with the national solons.

ELECTRICITY kills without a doubt, but if the electrocution of the wretch Kemmler is to be taken as a basis for its application hearafter, it certainly fails to give that painless death, which its promoters have zealously advocated. If in the nature of things, capital punishment is a dire necessity, let it be, then, free from the tortures said to have been inflicted upon William Kemmler.

THE necessity of 600 additional clerks in the Pension office encourages our thoughtful contemporary, The Crusader, to send forth its clarion voice for more recognition for the south. Pooh-bah! You are much too polygamous in your nature. You are no good to the Republican party, anyway. Of the 600 clerks needed, you might justly ask for 100. But 300! fata abstant.

THE Australian Ballot System will reduce the vote of the Afro-Americans in Indiana this Fall. The "pleasant features" of voting, such as the "day's work" and "got to see a man" become unnecessary under the Australian idea. We estimate a reduction of one-fifth the vote at least. Another determent is the supposed complexity of the system; and yet a voter that cannot comprehend the system is not per se, a fit subject to exercise the elective franchise, whatever his complexion.

THE ninth annual conference of the A. M. E. church begun its session at Springfield, Ill., Wednesday, the 6th. The Methodist church is capable of materially advancing the race. The aim to teach, on a constantly progressive plan, is kept in mind by its earnest leaders. The greatest danger that menaces this denomination is the tendency to "top heaviness;" there is a surplus of dignitaries with large salaries. There might be considerable pruning done without damaging the denomination.

CONSUL CLARK.

Alexander Clark, the new Consul to Liberia, is about sixty years of age. He has lately begun the practice of law in Chicago, having previously been a barber in Muscatine, Ia. He is identified with the Masonic fraternity and was actively engaged in the undergroundrailroad in ante bellum days. He has been an aspirant during several administrations for recognition. There is no question but his appointment will give satisfaction, though he will hardly fill the shoes of the man whom he succeeds. In this connection we would remind the educated, modernized and aspiring young Afro-American that when these words:

"His hair just grizzled
As in a green old age"

are applied to him, he will be eligible to consideration.

USELESSNESS OF RACIAL NAMES IN NEWSPAPERS.

THE FREEMAN is in favor of a radical reform in the promiscuous and unnecessary uses of the words "Negro," "Afro-American," "colored people" "colored Americans" etc. The papers conducted by the race usually display in the heading or motto, the kind of journal published and for what purpose. The reader invariably knows the people in whose interest the publication is made. If a paper displays in its most conspicuous place such phrases as "in the interest of the Afro-Americans," "the journal of the Negro race," or "an illustrated colored newspaper," that fact alone is sufficient to enable the reader to know that the persons and affairs mentioned therein pertain to the Negro race. It is then, on this ground, that THE FREEMAN is inclined to doubt the propriety, the necessity or the logic of such a promiscuous and general use of the words conveying the name of our race. The various designations of the race in the papers have become disgustingly discreditable, especially is it so in the correspondence, wherein a man is denominated "Negro," "Afro-American" or "colored" in the same breath and sentence. THE FREEMAN'S plan is to discard the objectionable words entirely, except to show, at the head, the race's effort to publish the paper in the race's behalf. If the Caucasian people, and their affairs, are mentioned then the designation "white" becomes necessary. In other words, we favor the plan pursued by the opposite press in its treatment towards us, save with the single and unavoidable exceptions heretofore named. We believe the reformation is advisable, practical and timely.

SCINTILLATIONS

Attorney General Hogg will be nominated on the first ballot without a shadow of doubt.—Ex.

Certainly it is well known that the average Afro-American in the south prefers Hogg——sometimes called pork-meat——to any other.

How do you like the paper this week? She will show up better when we get our new head.—Ex.

Tolerably, thank ye. Yes, we rather think you need a "new head" if that member is anything like your grammar.

The Arkansas Wheel, the colored state Wheel of Arkansas, met in Little Rock, July 25th—Baptist Vanguard.

And so you have a "State" Wheel? We have a wheel, too, but ours is a "National" Wheel with the significant legend, "In God we trust" prominently displayed. See?

Dave Jenkins, the colored Democrat certificate buyer, has been appointed street boss by the Board of Public Works.—Chattanooga Observer.

A new-fashioned way in the same old clothes of securing political recognition. Slick fellow that Dave.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—J. L. Menyleese shot Henry Almond, (colored) whom he he had detected stealing newspapers from door steps.

He is the unwisest of men who interfers with newspapers, it is a hazardous business. The punishment comes certain, swift and terrible.

The colored voter alone could utterly destroy the Republican party in the north, and would do so justly.—Standard Pelican.

Right you are; but "let not your heart be troubled; for the time cometh; yea, is now nigh at hand."

It is of course a burden of Catholic parents to maintain separate schools—Catholic Recorder.

Paraphrastically, yet not pargmatically speaking, it is a burden of course. The fault is, however, the fault finders. Discontinue your separate schools and be as republican in your action as the Protestants are.

Our colored folks should stir themselves and get up a lively campmeeting —Shelbyville (Ind.) Republican.

Should "get up a lively campmeeting," hey? That word "lively" evidently is very expansive. Let's be etymological for a nonce. Lively (when applied to a colored campmeeting) means, in a monkeyish manner; plenty of shouting; wide-mouthed singing; ten-mile-reaching "Yes, lordy." We see; business is dull in Shelbyville and the weather is warm. "Presto." We can kill dull time at a "Nigger Campmeeting. "Ah, ye unregenerated man!

THREE OF A KIND.

Uncle Tom—"Say boss, here's three coons I've just caught in my corn field. Don't yer want to buy em?"

Boss—"Three coons, why I don't see but two there."

Uncle Tom—"Umph, where is your eyes? Ain't there two coons with the ring tail. They steal my corn and eat it on the rail, while that big-eyed one takes it to the gals so they can lick the lasses off his lips."

"Slavery is gone, but its spirit lives. We who are the sons and grandsons of abolition leaders have it to fight and to conquor."

Thus uttereth in all seriousness, he, of the Atlanta News. That may be an expression of logic and it may not. We have no time to be hypercritical, but must say that we have no disposition as "the son of an abolition leader" to fight spirits or ghosts or hodgoblins. Slavery is gone. Why fight it then, if such be possible? Try the living a tussle. Prejudice, ignorance of human rights, injustice, etc. are living realities. Let's knock them out of joint. Never mind the spirits; use your amunition on the visible, corporeal enemy.

Notwithstanding the insalubrity of the climate of Liberia, many of our prominent citizens are willing to risk the dangers and serve their country as Ministers to that Republic. A white man could scarcely stand the climate, although there is $4000 worth of temptation per annum in it. For this reason and because Liberia is a Negro Republic settled by people from this country, who have not forgotten the days of oppression, the administration finds it more convenient to send a Negro to represent our government. Alexander Clark, of Iowa, was selected last week for this mission; a number of other states had worthy aspirants. We congratulate Mr. Clark upon his success, and hope he will prove a worthy representative of his race and country.

THE ELM CITY.

Religious Re-awakenings Amongst our New Haven, Conn. Friends.

New Haven Conn. Special to THE FREEMAN.

The Tyler City camp meeting was to have ended Monday, August, 4th but it was thought best to hold it for another week longer. On Sunday, August, 3rd, there was quite a large crowd both in the morning, afternoon and evening services. In the morning Rev. Hall, of Zion A. M. E. Church, addressed the congregation, but it was in the afternoon, when Rev. F T Hammond of Bethel A M E Church, delivered his sermon, that the greatest crowd was present. Rev. Hammond is a powerful, energetic and eloquent speaker. When the afternoon service was over, Rev. Ray laid before the people the object of holding the camp meeting and his plan of securing money to build a church for the Haven Memorial people and of his hopes for success. In the evening service, Rev. Ray delivered one of his interesting and inspiring sermons to the people. During the past week the most important services were held Wednesday and Thursday. Rev. Mrs. Phoebe Hanniford, of New Haven, entertained the people Thursday afternoon in one of her eloquent sermons.

In next week's issue of this paper an account of last Sunday's meeting will be given with the result of the meeting.

The Bethel A M E church, Rev. J T Hammond pastor, will hold a Village Camp in the church commencing Sunday, August 11th and lasting until Sunday, August, 31st. Right Rev. H M Turner, P D, L L D., Rev. T R Gedda and J D Hammond, pastor, will have charge of these meetings.

Miss Adelina Saunders has returned home after visiting the Misses Hanleys in Bridgeport.

Miss L Ross returned Thursday from a fort-night sojourn in New York.

Mrs. B. Johnson and daughter are visiting friends in Thomeston, Conn.

A concert was given by the twelve tribes in the vestry of Zion A M E church Wednesday evening.

Mrs. McLynn and family and Miss Edna Anderson will spend the remainder of the summer in Brandford, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses T Rice, who were recently married in this city returned from their wedding tour last week to take their abode in this city.

A lawn party was given by the choir of Bethel church Thursday evening. The people of this church are working with a will under the leadership of Rev. Hammond.

The watermelon feast given in Hamden by Mr. and Mrs. S Willmore Thursday and Friday evenings for the benefit of the Hamden Mission Sabbath School was quite a succes. Rev. W J Holland, pastor of the Mission deserves great credit for his efforts in raising funds to repair the building.

BY THE COOL OCEAN SIDE.

Crowds at the Famous Bathing City—Churches, Hotels—Visitors—A New Jounralistic Enterpride.

Atlantic City, N. J., Special to THE FREEMAV.

Atlantic City will soon boast of a paper. Look out, every body, you all will soon have a chance to read the news of Atlantic City in a paper published by one of her citizens who has been already in the paper business ever since he made his home here. Finding it impossible to get the space in other papers to publish the news of this great place, which should be published, he now attempts to publish a paper for the city. It will be by patronage of the country that the paper can be kept up. When the Atlantic City Echo or Star comes out next week James P. Charity, business manager, 117 Michigan Ave. Don't fail to buy the first issue of the first colored and the only one ever printed in the state of New Jersey.

Haverlow House, Clinton Cottage, Debity Cottage, Wayman Cottage and Sumner Cottage are among our leading hotels for the accommodation of our people. Among those that are stoping at the Debity Cottage are Mr. Richard Stevens, Mr. Ambrose Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Broch, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cole, Mr. Martin White and family and J. W. Dillard, all of Philadelphia, R. A. Robinson, of Alexandria, Va., Miss Hattie Miller, Mrs. A. E. Hall, Mrs. Brown Rev. E. Jenkins, M. A. Johnson and others.

Atlantic City is in full bloom, The height of the season is passing away; many thousand visitors are here enjoying the sea breezes. Soon the hotels will be vacant, and everything lonely again.

The churches are doing well. Rev. Smith at the St. James A. M. E. Church Rev. Biddle, of the Zion A. M. E. Church, Rev. Hope, of Second Baptist Church, preach noble sermons.

SEA URCHIN.

A DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR.

A Policeman's Brutality—Negro Juggler.

Newport, Ky., Special to THE FREEMAN

E C Tipton, the cigar dealer, has considerable business tact. He appears to be quite young but very enterprising. Those wishing THE FREEMAN can leave their order with him.

At the corner of Isabella and Belleview street, during the election of the city officials, a colored man was beaten unmercifully by an officer because when questioned by him how he voted, the colored man replied that he would not vote at all; for during the recent flood when coal was distributed among the sufferers, they refused to give him any, yer he was as needy as many others. So on hearing this reply he nsed his mace and spoiled the facial expression of this unfortunate man. Not being satisfied with beating the individual, he arrested and fined him $10 and cost. It is reported that colored men sold their votes for one dollar a piece and many voted that were under age. One man died requesting the poll book, to find how many Negroes voted against his ticket.

Prof. Wright will start this season, as the young herculean juggler and heavy-weight balancer. Success to Wright.

"OLD KAINTUCK."

Items of Mere Mention—A Pertinent Question—The Troubles of a Swell Social Club.

Covington, (Ky.,) Special to THE FREEMAN.

Members of the Independant Futurity Club must be on hand Monday, August 18th for special business. This club has started for success and success we shall endeavor to sustain and furthermore, those members that have manifested their intention verbally and practically to overthrow this club because they have not been elected and appointed leaders (of which all can not be leaders) will, in a very short while, see the folly of their venture. The club solcits the application and membership of prudent men regardless of age, but gentlemen, consistent in their motive. It costs but one dollar to be enrolled upon the members docket during this month. After this month, whatever the club may determine. Sociability and elevation regardless of politics are the principles of this club.

Miss Cardie Patterson is visiting friends in Ghent, Ky.

Miss Jane Lacy will go to Indianapolis this week.

Mrs. Baker will spend several weeks in the vicinity of Georgetown, Ky.

Misses L Allen and Bessie White will attend the conclave of Masons in Columbus, O.

Golden Rule Lodge, No. 12, A P A., will give a picnic at Price Hill Thursday, September 4th.

Miss Della Ganner, of Paris, Ky., was tendered a reception at the residence of Millard Moore, last week.

The 13th street Baptist cnurch gave its excursion ot Hunt's Grove Aug. 6th and met with financial success.

The 9th anniversary concert of Elizabeth Lodge No. 39 of the I O of G S and C S at Odd Fellows' Hall, 5th and Madison streets, Wednesday evening, August, 13th. The history of the lodges will be given by Mrs. C H Baxter in connection with the concert. The Glee Club will endeavor to please all that will come. Music furnished by W H Johnson's string band of Cincinnati, O.

The city is much aroused and the colored element agitated over the arrest of mail carrier Peter McPheeters for fast driving, one day last week. The driver for some reasonable cause, was belated and missed the train of which, under government restrictions, subjected him to a liability of his oath. However, he surmised a speedy trip to Cincinnati, with the assurance of making the required connection at the post-office. After driving at this unlawful rate through that part of the city that lead to his destiny and on his arrival at the bridge connecting the two cities he was turned back by the city officers and lodged in jail while they returned the mail-pouche to the P. M. Yet the Mayor did not fine him for fast driving, so he was dismissed. But the question arises, can any municipal law stop the speedy transfer of Uncle Sam?

J. M. B.

KANSAS CITY KALEIDOSCOPICS.

Delegate—Enjoyment in Summer—Cold Blasts in Winter—A Reckless Fellow—Corner-Stone Placing—Lecture—Personals—Camp-Meeting—Grand Celebration—Compromise Suit—Rascally Lawyer—Society.

Kansas City, Kan., Special to THE FREEMAN.

We are now in the "heights" of celebrations and excursions. Most of our pocket books are flusher now than they will be this winter. There are many of us who say life isn't worth living unless we have some fun. Well, we would say that there have been many excursions and celebrations here and vicinity this season, and the most of them pass off quietly. The Emancipation celebration on the 4th at Burge's Park was not what it might have been. W. Bryant, of Kansas City, Kan., made himself full-blown drunk with the "original package" and interfered with Joseph Franklin and wife, which caused Franklin to use his revolver, inflicting a serious wound in the back, one inch to the right of the spine. Self-defense (?) now being the plea set up. We think this quite a mysterious type of "self-defense." Franklin is incarcerated.

James Cartright and Miss F. Martin were in the city this week.

Mr. R. Hodges made a run up to Topeka Wednesday, and attended the Central Association.

Mr Sam Taft is as yet feeding ice-cream, lemonade, etc., to his many

J. Sluby Davidson,
Bayou Goula, La.

patrons at 918 Walker Ave.

Joseph Hodges, of 812 South Fourth street, who has been very sick with typhoid fever is improving

Miss Nora Easley is one of the delegates from the St. Paul Baptist S. S. to the N. W. S. S. Convention at St. Joseph.

Miss Hattie Parish, of 712 Nebraska avenue, who has been an invalid for nearly a year, is now gradually improving.

At this writing Prof. Wilton R. Boone, T. Jackson and P. C. Thomas are at Topeka, delegates to the Central Baptist Association.

Miss L. V. Hammond, one of K. C. K.'s enterprising young ladies, has opened a neat ice-cream parlor at the M. & O. hall. She also serves Sunday dinner lunches.

Prof. J. H. Jackson has left the city for his home at Frankfort, Ky. While here he let out several contracts to build houses upon his property. We welcome such men to the "sun flower" state.

A very successful camp meeting is being conducted on North Seventh street under the auspices of the C. M. E. church, Rev. R. Eush pastor. The meetings, so far, have been very well attended.

The grand event of the day will be the corner-stone laying of the new St. James A. M. E. church, cor. Seventh and Ann Ave., on the 17th, on which occasion Bishop T. M. D. Ward, of Washington, D. C., is expected to be present.

Rev. Wilton R. Boone, pastor of the Metropolitan church, delivered the second of his popular lectures to a fair size congregation Sunday evening, the 2nd, inst. Subject, "Walking Dead People." Text, Matt. xiii, 13th v. The subject was handled very satisfactorily. The congregation was not over one-third as large as it would have been, had there been no appearance of a cyclone. Elder Boone will deliver his next lecture on the 17th at 8 p. m.

The social given by some of the society people of this city in honor of visiting friends at Chelsea Park Thursday evening, headed by Mrs. M. C. Murphy, was a grand success. Mrs. Cox, Louisville, Mrs. B. Williams, Independence, and Messrs H. J. Irving, B. Thomas, and Mesdames Irving and Thomas of W. K. C. Mo., were in attendance.

For the past few years in the history of Wyandotte county, the emancipation celebration of slaves of the United State has been observed in some sort of style, but this year an extraordinary program is being arranged for the occasion. Excursions from Topeka, Lawrence, Leavenworth and other cities of the State are expected at K. C. K. Sept. 22. Both schools and lodges of the city will all help make the affair a notable one. For full particulars correspond with J. J. Thomas, 526 Nebraska avenue, Kansas City, Kan.

Mrs. J. L. Branch and Miss B. Williams, two of the victims in the accident of the Union Pacific Masonic excursion some time ago, have compromised with the R. R. Co., receiving $70 and $100 respectively. While these are very small sums for the serious injuries received, yet it showed more common sense to receive these sums than enter a regular lawsuit which might have lasted for years. We think Miss William's lawyers should feel himself highly paid for his work in securing her money. Although he charged her $50 for his service, she could not compromise with him for less than $30. The public generally think hard of the gentleman's action.

FREDFRICK AND ARTHUR.

UNITED WE STAND.

The Fortune episode in New York City envolves a principle in which every Negro in the United States is vitally interested. The colored people must fight their own battles and stand shoulder to shoulder for mutual protection. There is no better time than now to test the question of the Negro's civil rights in the courts. To this end THE FREEMAN suggests that a fund be subscribed by the people throughout the land to enable Mr. Fortune to employ the ablest council and fight the case to a finish. In this controversy, a principle, not person, is at stake. Let every Negro lend his influence and his dollars to hold up the standard of the race. THE FREEMAN heads the list with $5.00. All subscriptions sent to this office will be duly acknowleged in our columns. Remit at once.

THE FREEMAN, - - - - - - - - - - $5.00.
S. W. Hill, Espy, Pa., - - - - - $1.25.
J. H. Jackson, Frankfort, Ky., $1.00.
Henry P. Johnson, Iron Mountain, Mich. - - - - - - - - - - - - $1.25.
Jas. H. Tilghman, Chicago - - 0.50
C. A. Hereford, Starkville, Miss, $1.00.
H. B. Taylor, Chicago, Ills., - $5.00.
J. C. & S. C. Cabell, Chicago, Ills., $1.

Beats the Original Package.

We received this week a copy of THE FREEMAN, a national illustrated colored newspaper. The word "colored" does not refer so much to the paper, as one might suppose, as for whom it is intended, it being a paper published for the colored people. It is a 48 column paper, and is illustrated, the greater part of its illustration being of the colored race. It is about as spicy a paper as we have lately seen, and seems o be in able hands. The paper is published at Indianapolis, Ind., $2.40 per year. It is well worth the price, and any colored man can better afford to save up his $2.40 and pay for a years subscription than he can afford to pay out the same amount for original packages. Send to THE FREEMAN, Indianapolis, Ind., and get a sample copy.—Waynesburg, (Pa.,) Democrat.

The Greatest Colored Newspaper.

THE FREEMAN, an illustrated colored newspaper published at Indianapolis, Ind., by Edward E. Cooper, at $2.40 a year, is the greatest race newspaper printed in this country. Mr. Cooper is an educated gentleman, a man of talent, and his effort to establish a representative newspaper should be appreciated by both white and black. Send for a sample copy.—Mansfield, (Ill.) Hearld

The corner stone of Shorter Chapel was laid July 20th, at Martin, Deleware County, Pa.

"Yes, Malinda. You stay at home, and I'll bring you a mess of fish.

LUCK OR MERIT?

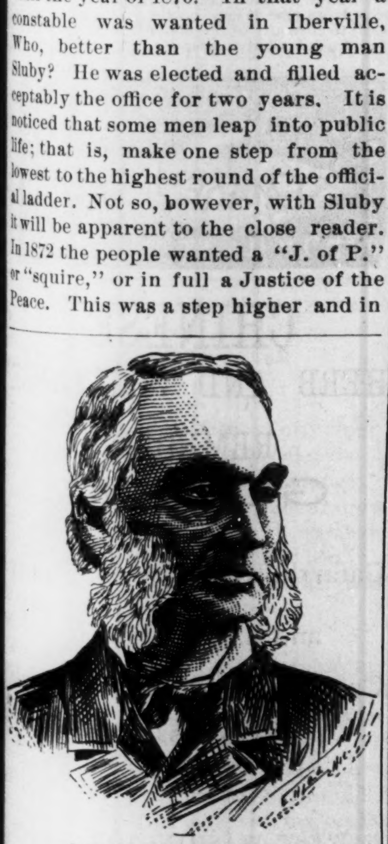
Once a Slave, now a Peer—Once Without the Law, now Above the Law—A Man Who has Grown into Fullness of Manhood by his own Merits—Serves his Country as a Soldier and Spared to Serve it as Civilian and Commoner.

LIFE OF THE HON. J. SLUBY DAVIDSON, MEMBER OF THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

The year, 1850, was a most eventful one; the time was full of rushing events; the brainiest of American orators and thinkers were astonishing the world with their vastness of learning and reasoning. The Mexican war had just closed, the scarred heroes were tramping merrily homeward toward the north star, there to meet loved ones and the hearty-shake of friendly hands. The merry rap-a-tap of the drum and the fife's well known thrill gave hope and happiness to the brave defenders of their native soil. The great "pathfinder of the Rocky Mountains" had secured to us the vast empire on the pacific coast.

Gold! Gold! Gold! Gold!
Bright and yellow, hard and cold

was turning the attention of the discontented to the hope of at last reaping sufficient of the world's necessities. How the hearts of many throbbed in expectation. But way down, deep in the bayous and swamps of the rice and sugar lands where the sluggish alligator displayed his armored back, where the beaming sun in rayless hope shone with force, struggled a woman—a slave—mother of J. Sluby Davidson. The boy came into the world, opened his eyes in an atmosphere poisoned with the fetish breath of human slavery. The early life of the subject of this sketch was what? Was he seen book in hand, schoolward bound with boyish joyfulness? At night, was it the well modulated voice of a reading mother that told to him the stories, true or fanciful? Too well, ah too well, do we know of that boyish life! Thirteen years rolled around; the war of secession came; young Sluby entered, in '63, the army, fighting for a continuance of a united government. Drummer boy or soldier, we know not which, and we only care that he did duty valiantly. The year of '66 came; Sluby received from the hands of the government officials some words like these: "You are here by honorably discharged from the service of the United States;" he returned to his native place, Iberville, La. For what? Wasn't he a free man? That word "mother," perhaps; who knows but the spirit whispered into his ears "come home, mother wants to see you?" As Cincinnatus threw down the sword and returned to the plow, so did young Sluby. He cultivated the soil until the year of 1870. In that year a constable was wanted in Iberville, Who, better than the young man Sluby? He was elected and filled acceptably the office for two years. It is noticed that some men leap into public life; that is, make one step from the lowest to the highest round of the official ladder. Not so, however, with Sluby it will be apparent to the close reader. In 1872 the people wanted a "J. of P." or "squire," or in full a Justice of the Peace. This was a step higher and in



DR. R. S. PURVIS,
Philadelphia, Pa.

regular order; some ability as judgement of character, knowledge of human nature etc., is necessary to fill this office, these Sluby had. He was elected and discharged the duties faithfully, justly and conscientiously for two years. In 1874 another regular step was made and he puting his foot squarely and securely on the rounds of the ladder, became a legislator. To show the systematic progression of the man's career let's build it thus.

(6.) Legislator. { House, Cons. Con., Senate.
(5.) Justice, |
(4.) Constable, |
(3.) Farmer, |
(2.) Soldier, |
(1.) Slave, |

Who knows but soon another step may be added; let us hope so anyway. The 8th step was attempted in 1888 when he was nominated as congressman from the 3rd district of his state. His defeat was no fault of his, however, his ability and record were unimpeachable. Just think, born is 1850 and this is 1890, only 40 years of age, What a remarkable man in may particulars! Surely it can not be ascribed to luck or chance. We close the sketch in the language of the poet, Fletcher.

"Man is his own star, and the soul can
Render an honest and a perfect man.
Commands all light, all influence, all fate,
Nothihg to him fall early, or too late.
Our acts, our angels, are our good, our ill,
Our fatal shadows that walk by us still.

HE FLINCHETH NOT.

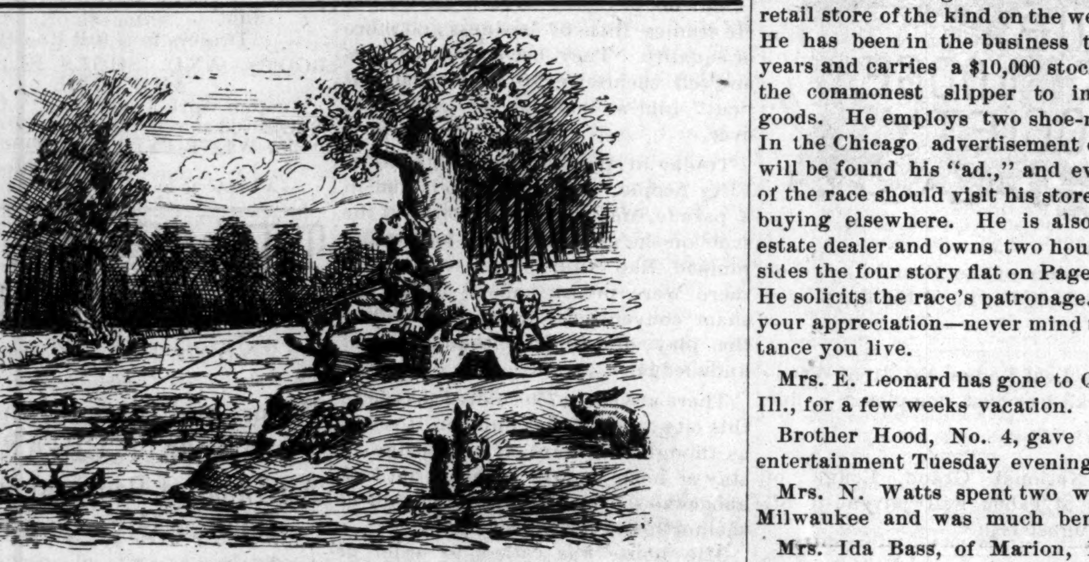
W. C. CRATON ASCENDS THE LADDER OF PROMINENT MENTION—REACHING HIS THIRTY-EIGHT MILE-STONE WITH HEAD FULL OF WISDOM, HEART GUSHING WITH BENEVOLENCE AND POCKET FILLED WITH DUCATS—HE IS ENSEMBLE, JUSTLY POINTED OUT AS A SAUL FOR HIS RACE-MEN—BRIEF SKETCH OE HIS LIFE AND HIS ACTIVITY IN POLITICS, BUSINESS AND BENEVOLENCE.

Prepared for THE FREEMAN.

The subject of our sketch, W. C. Crayton is in every sense a self-made man. He was born in Madison County Mississippi in 1852, and is now only thirty-eight years old; he came to Vicksburg in 1871, a mere boy, with no money, not even enough to pay for a night's lodging and breakfast next morning; no friends, with little or no education, having been deprived of those advantages in common with all colored boys of his day. Situated as he was with no one to aid him, no parents to send him to school the boy struck out in the path of life all alone, with only the advantage of a few month's schooling, but with no money to support himself in school. He was compelled to leave school and find work with which to support himself. As we have said before, he came to this city in 1871, and through his own efforts and untiring energy since that time he has risen to both wealth and popularity. He has figured largely in politics, county, state and national, having been for the last fifteen years a member of nearly every Republican State and Congressional Convention. He was twice elected delegate to the Republican National Convention, in 1884 and in 1888. In '84 he voted for Blaine for President and in '88 for Sherman, and to-dry he is a member of the Republican State Executive Committee. So far as the county (Warren) is concerned, he has been for the last twelve years the Warwick of the party. He has been an Alderman in the Fourth Ward of the city for eight years; pays taxes on over fifteen thousand dollars worth of property. He is a cheerful giver to all charitable purposes, and especially to the churches, regardless of religious denominations. In fact hundreds of persons have been the recipients of his charitable favors. No one who is really in want is ever turned away from his door empty handed; he is an effectionate husband. During the late overflow of the Mississippi River, when that might stream was spreading devastation and death throughout the Delta, and when thousands of our people were homeless and without food, Congress appropriated large sums of money for the purpose of buying rations for these unfortunate sufferers. Fifty thousand rations were assigned to this district, and Mr. Crayton, without his knowledge was appointed to distribute these rations to the thousands of sufferers. and be it said to his credit that he did it with both satisfaction to the Government and the sufferers, a thing almost unheard of where so large a distribution has been made. I mention these things to show where this noneyless boy of a few years ago has has by bis own efforts and unaided raishimself. Now let our young Afro-American boys take notice and emulate the action of Mr. Crayton.

W. T.

The Guadalupa Baptist Association, of Texas, convened at San Marcos on July, 3rd, inst. Rev. P. Mayo, the moderator, opened the Association with a strong address on the sucject of the "Christian duty of the hour."



Waiting for a bite.

CINCINNATI COMPILATIONS.

ACCIDENT TO A WELL-KNOWN MAN—THE ELLIOTT CLUB—SOCIETY—PERSONAL AND OTHERWISE.

Cincinnati O. Special to THE FREEMAN.

Thomas W. Johnson, our popular mail agent between this city and Nashvilie, Tenn., was seriously injured Sunday night in a wreck at Sparta, Ky. A freight train was attempting to enter the side track when the fast mail dashed into the rear end, throwing the engine, baggage mail and passenger trains from the track and burying Mr. Johnson in the debris, where he laid for nearly two hours before being rescued. His many friends in this city and elsewhere wish him a speedy recovery, and that his injuries are not as severe as indicated at this writing.

John Taylor is spending his vacation in Detroit.

Mrs. N. Alexander is visiting friends in Boston, Mass.

Misses Laura Wells and Annie Johnson have returned home.

Mrs. Susan Henry is visiting relations at Clarksburg, W. Va.

Mrs. Willis Tisdale, of Price's Hill, who has been quite sick is much improved.

Mrs. Busjoie, of New Orleans, is visiting Mrs. Edgar Watson of Court street.

Thaddeus Brumlette has returned from a very pleasant visit to eastern watering places.

Mrs. Amy Forte left Monday to spend a couple of weeks at the "Hayes Cottcge," near Xenia.

Will Erwin, of the American Catholic Tribune, is in Erie, Pa., in the interests of the Tribune.

Mrs. Liza Peterson and Mrs. Zana Thomas, mother of Jno. Thomas, of the Normandy Building, are in the city.

Chas. Wright, the popular superintendent of the Police Gymnasium, is attending the meeting of the G. A. R. at Boston.

Henry W. Forte, of the C. H. & D. R. R. will spend his vacation in Columbus, O., and Detroit, Mich.

Edw. Yizer, of Frankfort, Ky., is in the city attending the bedside of his sister, Mrs. Early, of Walnut Hills.

George Fossett, son of Jesse Fossett, was appointed letter-carrier last Friday. Score one for Postmaster Riley.

J. J. C. McKinley and wife, en route to Boston, Mass., spent a few hours in the city last Saturday, the guests of G. W. Hayes.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Morgan, of Hartwell, gave Miss Dr. Ida Gray a splendid reception at their home last Friday.

Mesdames Susie Franklin, and Mattie Bird, of Lexington, Ky., are visiting Mrs. Jno. Samples, Willow street, Walnut Hills.

The Board of Lodge Manager C. O. A. held their regular meeting Tuesday at the office of Dr. Cary. Routine business was transacted.

Miss Mary Ellison, a popular society young lady of Louisville, after a very pleasant visit to the Queen City, returned home Monday.

Miss Mamie Jackson and Mrs. Blackburn, of Versailles, Ky., will visit the city this week, the guests of Miss Emma Hoskins, of Walnut Hills.

The game of base ball for the benefit of the orphans will take place at the avenue grounds Saturday at three o'clock. Take Clark street car.

Miss Agnes Ware, of Lexington, and Miss Monroe, of Frankfort, will spend a few days in the city the coming week the guests of Mrs. John Thomas.

Thomas J. Monroe, grand director of the G. U. O. O. F. and member of the sub-committee of management, will leave next week to attend a meeting at Philadelphia, Pa.

The Elliott Club, one of our crack political clubs, will give a picnic and reception Friday August 15th, at the Lookout House. The club under command of Capt. Ford Stith, will parade the principal streets.

Excelsior Div. No. 7, K. of P., will hold their regular meeting at the Armory, Thursday, August 21st, instead of the 28th. All members are requested to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

D. D. G. C. Jno. S. Fielding, K. of P., will leave during the week to visit several friends in Ohio in the interest of the order. Sir Fielding is known as a hustler and it is safe to presume that he will meet with success.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Morris, of Louisville, passed through the city Sunday en route to the Knight Templar's Conclave at Columbus. While in the city they were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Easton.

Dr. Ida Gray, who recently graduated at the Ann Arbor, Mich., Dental college, and who had an office at Dr. Taft's West Seventh street, has removed her office to 391 W. Ninth street, three doors west of John street. Dr. Gray is meeting with much success in her chosen profession, and deserves the support of all intelligent people of the city who wish to see the Afro-American succeed.

EL RIO REY.

CHICAGO CHIMES.

Notes, Items, Personals, News, Doings—All Are Here.

Chicago Ills., Special to THE FREEMAN.

J. M. Johnson & Co., 276 W. Indiana street, are the only colored boot and shoe dealer in Chicago. He is a member of the Chicago Shoe Dealers, has one of the largest if not the largest retail store of the kind on the west side. He has been in the business thirteen years and carries a $10,000 stock, from the commonest slipper to imported goods. He employs two shoe-makers. In the Chicago advertisement column will be found his "ad.," and everyone of the race should visit his store before buying elsewhere. He is also a real estate dealer and owns two houses, besides the four story flat on Page street. He solicits the race's patronage. Show your appreciation—never mind the distance you live.

Mrs. E. Leonard has gone to Quincy, Ill., for a few weeks vacation.

Brother Hood, No. 4, gave a novel entertainment Tuesday evening.

Mrs. N. Watts spent two weeks in Milwaukee and was much benefited.

Mrs. Ida Bass, of Marion, Ind., is stopping at Mrs. A. Smith's, Madison street.

Mrs. H. Wheeler is visiting her mother, Mrs. K. Finley, in Haughville, Indianapolis.

Miss Mamie Anthony, of Gibson City, Ill., is a dashing belle and will graduate next May.

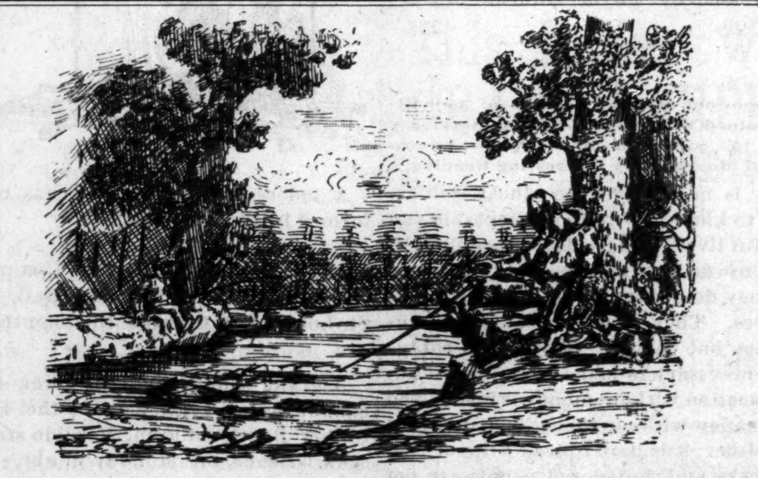
Misses Anna Asbury and Tillie Lundon, teachers in Evansville, were in the city last week.

Mrs. Sallie Greenup, of Frankfort, Ky., is the guest of Mrs. Solomon Taylor, Dearborn street.

Mesdames H. Carter and R. Strothers have returned after a pleasant two weeks visit in St. Louis.

Mrs. J. W. Butler, Butterfield street, tendered Miss Jessie Scott, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a reception Friday evening.

Mrs. V. B. Bowen, of Hot Springs, will permanently reside here. Miss Carrie, her daughter will join her soon.



Dreaming of Malinda's mess of fish.

Quite a number have taken advantages of the lot sales in the new subdivisions, and bought lots either to build on or speculate.

The low excursion rates brought many strangers of the race to our city, those who never visited Chicago before must have been dazed with excitement.

Is there a young lady short-hand writer or one who is willing to learn in Chicago? Must be a good scholar and writer. Address THE FREEMAN, 62 Whiting street.

The Martin Delaney Post G. A. R., No. 663 West Chicago, with Wm. Banks commander, is in a flourishing condition; care well for their sick, orphans, and widows and bury their dead.

Al Hundaly, shipping clerk for Bedford & Clark, publishers, has returned from Louisville, after two week's vacation, bringing a brother who has been employed by the same firm.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Thomas were tendered a reception at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. S. Taylor, Butterfield street, in honor of Miss Nellie Winston, Xenia, and Miss Irene Henderson, of Cincinnoti, Ohio, Friday evening

The I. O. O. F. certainly vindicated its name. The entire affair lasting one week, was the oddest ever witnessed The great parade was very odd, for their stops and blunders, and some of the participants were peculiar. The drills were good.

Single copies of THE FREEMAN can be had at Chinn's 338, 30th street, Monroe's, 490 S. State street, Moore's 2646 State street, Martin's barber shop, 261 N. Clarke street, and Landres', Harrison street. For subscriptions and all correspondents address THE FREEMAN, 62 Whiting street.

Mark Anthony and his daughter, Miss Mabel, were in the city last week securing furniture, etc., for his new hotel, St. Nichols, at Gibson City, Ill. He is an experienced hotel man, ex-manager of the Burrell House, Lonetown, Ind., was elected town clerk in 1880. THE FREEMAN can be had at the St. Nichols.

There is a severe complaint presented to THE FREEMAN that lodge No. 1905, Odd Fellows, failed to do its duty, as concerning the burial of one of its members. It is said that the member was in good standing as shown by his financial card. The Martin Delaney Post comes in for a high compliment in its promptness in paying the funeral expenses of the person refused by the Odd Fellows.

Much of the success of business depends upon the amount and proper advertising, which is half the victory. Advertising by the race and in the race journals should be carefully persued. It not only shows race pride on both sides, but advancement and enterprise, and when our custom is solicited by one of our race and their service, wares, goods, and prices are the same as elsewhere, we should not only appreciate it by our feelings and assertions, but give them our personal and financial aid and pushin. The same can be said of our race journals; if they are worthy, give your assistance in every possible way.

The Chicago correspondent of the Indianapolis FREEMAN is going around blowing that the circulation of THE FREEMAN in Chicago exceeds that of the Appeal. The best way to find out about the matter is to inquire at the postoffice.—Appeal. THE FREEMAN stated that it was more largely circulated in Chicago. The mail men could not tell, for at least one third of THE FREEMANS come to Chicago entirely enclosed in wrappers. We will show our books; hundreds of subscribers go direct to the office without our knowledge.

AMUSEMENTS.

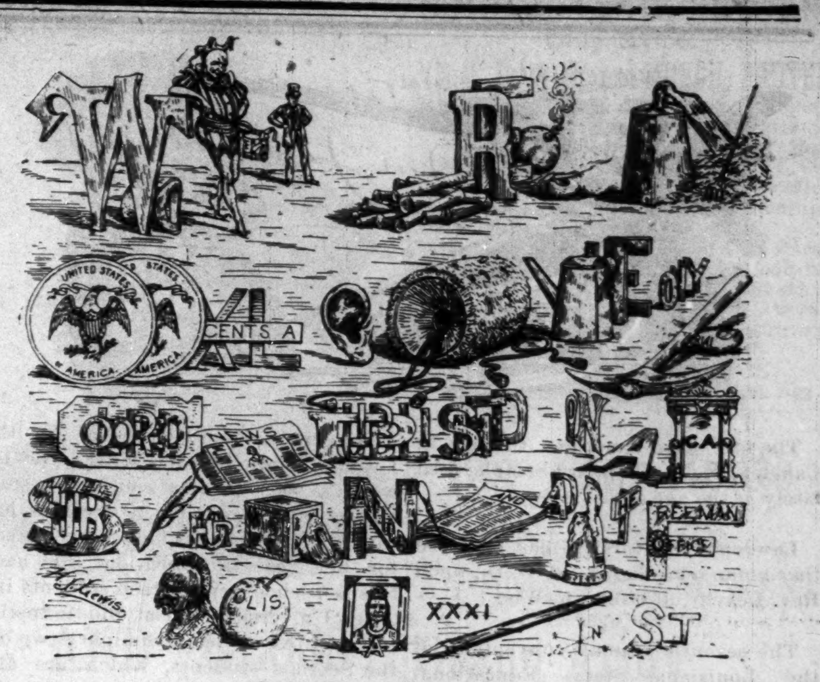
Wm. Lloyd Garrison, K. of L. Assembly No. 8286 will give their annual picnic at Englewood ground, 61st and State streets, Thursday August 21st assisted by the following organizations: Chas. Sumner Association, Hotel Men Council No. 1; Restaurant Men Council, Culinary Alliance, Counter Men Council No. 3. All kinds of games and amusements; admission 25 cents. Any unbecoming lady or gentleman will immediately be excluded from the grove. Committee, J. B. Bubbins, W. J. DeLacey, M. E. Turner, B. A. Lewis, J. B. Hart, J. H. Bowers.

Damon Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias will celebrate the 1st anniversary of its organization in Chicago by a grand entertainment at Central Hall, 22nd street and Wabash avenue, Tuesday evening, August 19th, in honor of E. A. Williams, M. D. Admission 50c; lady and gentleman 75c; exercises commence at 8:30.

North Side Coachmen will give their first annual picnic at Ogden Grove, Tuesday, August 19th. Take Clybourn avenue cars on Wells street. Grip gates open from 11 a. m. to 12 p. m. Good music in attendance; good order preserved. All are cordially invited. Wm. Hunter, chairman; S. S. Cabell, master of ceremonies. Amusements will consist of dancing, foot and base ball, foot and sack races, greasy pig, etc.

Moody Church Sunday S. picnic was given at Highland Park last Thursday. There was no color line. About fifty colored Sunday School children and parents were present. The objections to the marriage some time ago was on the grounds neither was a member nor ad attendant. Its a free church for all as all others in Chicago.

TUDA.



CAN YOU READ THIS?

Anyone who will read the above rebus correctly and foward the same to this office by Friday, Aug., 22nd, will receive a copy of THE FREEMAN, one year free.

Plum Pudding From Portsmouth, Ohio

Portsmouth, O., Special to THE FREEMAN.

The L. B. P. S. F. Society held their monthly meeting last Thursday evening at Mrs. C. Williamson's, of Ninth street. The society was organized and named in honor of the venerable father and Bishop of the A. M. E. Church. The ladies of our city think highly of Bishop Pane.

Miss Lillie Cranshaw is attending a campmeeting at Columbus.

Miss R. B. Baker is visiting friends in the northern part of the state.

Mrs. William Ward, of Tenth street, has returned from Maysville, Ky.,

The Ladies Society will hold their next meeting at Mr. E. Shumaker's.

The Baptist Sabbath School will hold their monthly concert, August the 28th.

The Findly St. Church held its monthly banner contest last Sunday evening.

Elder Clark is holdidg a campmeeting in the grove a mile and a half east of town.

Mrs. Tena Jackson, of Piketon, O., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Rose, of Findlay.

We had a very rainy time for the fair but still for all of the wet weather there was a large number of visitors.

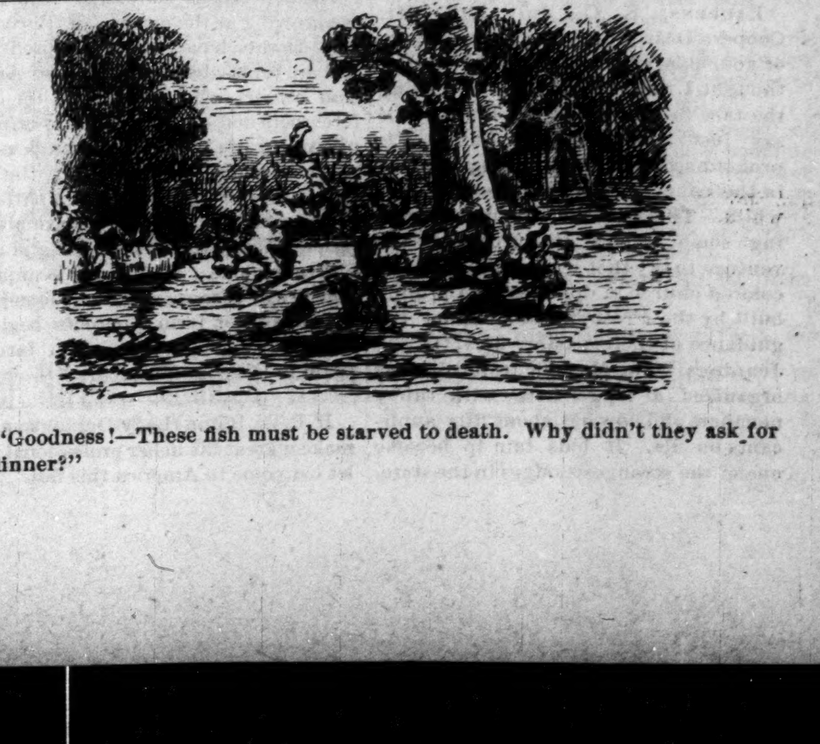
Mr. Williams, of Ninth street, has a new barber, and he seems to be a very pleasant gentleman.

VENT.

It is to be Congratulated

THE FREEMAN, a national illustrated colored newspaper, as it announces, is a newcomer to The Plain Speaker office. It deserves more than a passing notice, because it has the courage to take an independent, manly stand on the question of politics, and its relation to the Negro. It says editorially: "Politics is confessedly a matter of business. It is with the white man, it should be so with the Negro. A man shodul choose his party, as he chooses a business location, and study to advance his own interest in every possible manner consistent with honesty and fairness." This is the proper stand, and THE FREEMAN is to be congratulated upon having the courage to cut loose from the sentimentalities that have been used to tie the Negro to the Republican party.—Plain Speaker, Pa.

THE FREEMAN can be had in New Orleans by calling at Mrs. M. C. Ward's, No. 517 Phillipp street New Orleans, La. She can fill all orders.



"Goodness!—These fish must be starved to death. Why didn't they ask for my dinner?"

The first Afro-American teacher in Camden, N. J., Sheppard Semple, died lately at the age of 83.

***

Lawrence University has confered the honorary degree of D. D., upon Rev. Leavitt, of Oshkosh, Wis.

***

The seventh annual convention of the Louisiana State Educational Association convened at Shereveport last week.

***

Texas has a Negro school population of 138,914 children. The appropiation for this scholashic year is $629,613, or about 40 cents per capita.

***

The resignation of President Seely, of Amherst College, has been accepted. The college has received a gift of $50,000 to endow a professor of hygienc.

***

The Virginia Lancet is the oldest colored newspaper in the state, and is now in its ninth vear. It has been a successful venture during its entire existence.

***

A school teachers agency has been established in Galveston, Texas, by The Test. So far it has been a flattering success, placing teachers in lucrative and pleasant positions.

***

Louisiana contributes to Negro education, less than any State in the south. Mississippi has contributed toward that cause since the war, over $7,000,000. Louisiana little over $2,000,000.

***

Miss Ida B. Wells, editoress of the Memphis Free Speech, was one of the delegates to the St. Paul Teacher's Convention. She spend a week in Chicago, thence to Detroit before her return home.

***

The Memphis School Board has elected Prof. B. K. Sampson principal of the colored public schools. There is a corps of twenty-five teachers under him eventy divided as t o male and female.

***

Mrs. A. J. Cooper, of the High School, Washington, D. C., was greeted with an appreciative audience at the Second Baptist church, in that city, on last Sabbath afternoon. The lady read a very intelligent resume on the race problem. Among other things she said that nine-tenths of the crime committed was due to whiskey.

***

Prof. L. C. Anderson, principal of Prairie View State Normal, at Hempstead Texas, was in Seguin Saturday, July 26th. From all reports the Prof., is getting tired of single bliss, and will soon go into double blessedness.

***

Mr. Calais A. Leftwich, a member of the Sophomore class of Howard University, was elected president of the Tux Edo Literary and Dramatic Association which has taken its summer headquarters in Saratoga, N. Y. The association is entirely composed of literary professionals and dramatic men and its reputation is well known throughout the state of New York, which certainly reflects credit and honor upon the organization.

***

The colored teacher's department of the Peabody Institute for 1890 will be held in the colored Baptist church at Milledgeville, Ga., from August 18th to 30th inclusive. The program was arranged by State S. Commissioner, James Hook. It will be of untold interes to every teacher to avail him or herself of this opportunity. The instruction will be given by some very able men, both white and black. We hope that the many teachers of north Georgia and the state at large will meet this institute, as they need the instruction.

THE NEATEST CHURCH.

Progress In S. C.—Masonic Lodge—Afro-Americans of Wealth—Noted Educational Interest—Graduates.

LAURENS, S. C., July 30th.—Mr. Cooper. Dear Sir: After seeing a copy of your paper I was so pleased that I thought I would write you concerning the race in this locality. But let me say just here that THE FREEMAN is pronounced to be the best Negro paper in the country by both colored and white. The Afro-Americans are making some strides in progress. We venture to say that we have the neatest colored church in upper South Carolina built by the Presbyterians, under the guidance of their pastor, Rev. G. T. Jennings. The Masonic fraternity has organized a lodge here with thirty members and now has about fifty applicants on file. It bids fair to become one of the strongest lodges in the state. Among our colored citizens of wealth I would mention C. W. Mills, who is worth $5,000. He is a contractor and builder, and gets as much work as he can do. Laurens has long been noted for her zeal in education. She had this last school term fifteen students in Allen University, four at Biddle Institute and five at Scotia Siminary two of the Scotia's students, which are all females, graduated this year. Both graduated with highest honors, and we predict for them a noble future. We hope your paper is hailed with as much pleasure every where else as it is here. Pleas accept this as coming from one that is filled with race pride.

JOE BUTCHER.

Logic for Farmers.

Mr. Edward Atkinson in the east and The Fort Dodge Messenger in the west have undertaken the pleasing task of convincing the farmer that he is really a great deal better off than he was in 1880, in spite of his present gloom.

Mr. Atkinson cheerfully shows how labor saving machinery has entered farm gates and cheapened production and lightened the load of the agriculturist. He has not to hire so many "hands" as he used to. He has no more to wear his back out at corn hoeing. Machinery does this. Moreover, there is a sweeping reduction in the price of farm machinery all around. Its prices are 30 to 60 per cent. below what they were ten years ago, and the machinery itself is in many ways vastly superior to what it was then.

Now comes The Messenger with its army of digits and ciphers. The things the farmer buys are in price away below what they were in 1880. Barbed wire has fallen from ten to four cents a pound, and nails from $6 a keg to $2.80, steel ones at that. Groceries, clothing, crockery and boots and shoes have all declined anywhere from 25 to 70 per cent. Even those world renowned "bitters" which, time out of mind, the ruralist has taken every spring to "clear the blood" are far cheaper than they were in 1880. On the other hand of articles the farmer sells the only commodities that he gets less for now than he did in 1880 are oats, cattle and butter. Other products average the same or are higher.

Now if all this logic will convince the farmer that he has no mortgage on his farm and he has more money in his pocket than he had in 1880, well and good.

Feeing Waiters.

American railway restaurant and hotel prices are high enough in all conscience, without the wayfarer's being required further to hand out the last of his silver change to sleeping car porters and waiters. The following, from The Philadelphia Ledger, will commend itself to travelers and victims:

It is not mentioned that the convention of hotel keepers just adjourned at Saratoga, and now styling themselves a "national association," took any action with regard to "tips." The constant dripping of silver coin required in some hostelries does not appear to have been even introduced for discussion. Yet this requirement is a serious defect in the otherwise well managed hotel, where the traveler would like to know that the fixed cost per diem or per week expressly relieves him from all "extras." It is a bad and very old world custom that has no business to be naturalized here. Hotel services and the deck chairs on steamers ought to be furnished free. The "guest" at a summer hotel ought not to have to pay for his chair at the dinner table, to head waiter and deputy both, any more than a member of a well conducted private club has to pay for personal service there.

As to Nevada.

The suggestion to take away statehood from Nevada and return her to the territorial states until she gets some more population thus stirs up The Nebraska State Journal:

The proposition to unstate Nevada and relegate her back to a territorial condition comes from the east. The east, however, had better not play with cutlery of this kind. When the general government begins to monkey with the autonomy of states actually in the Union trouble will begin. They might conclude that the little patch of ground known as Rhode Island ought not to compete with such giants as New York is now, and Texas and Nebraska will be soon, and attach her for state purposes to a neighbor.

Then Maine and New Hampshire and Vermont and the rest of the small holdings in the northeast might be compelled to consolidate with Massachusetts for want of requisite population and area, as they are falling behind in the race for empire. Then there are Delaware and New Jersey, little potato patches on Uncle Sam's farm. No telling where the thing will end if it once gets a start.

The new census shows that the cities are growing at the expense of the country. Farms have become unprofitable and are being abandoned by their American owners, who rent or sell them to foreigners and enter mercantile or manufacturing life. This, however, does not prove anything very bad. It is the natural course of things where a nation is in transition from a purely agricultural people to a partly commercial and manufacturing one. If farming is unprofitable it will be more and more abandoned till prices for farm products begin to rise. Then people will go to farming again in large numbers.

If Belle Bilton (Lady Dunlo) wants to make a great hit in her professional line, let her come to America this fall.

FAMOUS AFRO-AMERICAN.

Quaker Doings—The Fine t Afro-American Church in America—Intention of R. G. Still—Photographic Syndicate—Grand Mexico Emigration Scheme—An Esteemed Lawyer.

Philadelphia, Penn., Special to THE FREEMAN.

The Sunday Mercury of the 3d, prints the follwing: "Eugene D. Place, a former resident of Philadelphia, is in town in behalf of a company that intends establishing a colored colony in Mexico. Mr. Place will open a recruiting office in this city, from which all who desire will be sent free of charge.

Mr. T. J. Minton, one of the esteemed lawyers of this city, is a colored man, having a lucrative practice, and a reputation that will make him one of most honored members of the bar in the state.

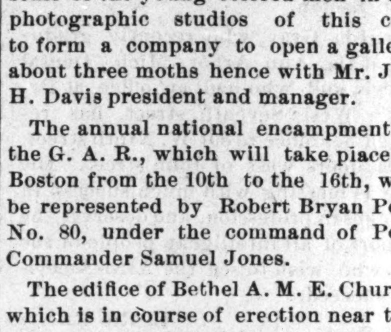
Mr. R. G. Still, business manager of the State Journal of this city, and also Chairman of the Colored Democratic League, is soon to issue a call for a meeting of colored Democrats.

There is a movement on foot among some of the young colored men in the photographic studios of this city to form a company to open a gallery about three moths hence with Mr. Jas. H. Davis president and manager.

The annual national encampment of the G. A. R., which will take place in Boston from the 10th to the 16th, will be represented by Robert Bryan Post No. 80, under the command of Post Commander Samuel Jones.

The edifice of Bethel A. M. E. Church which is in course of erection near the corner of Sixth aud Lombard streets, will be one of the finest owned by colored people. It is rapidly nearing completion. Rev. Wm. H. Head, the pastor, hopes to enter into the basement of the same about the first Sunday in next month.

J. W. B.



The session of the Grand Lodge of Ohio is said to be one of the finest ever held.

—o—

Golden Leaf Lodge, No. 31, of Woodson, Ark., has just completed a fine hall.

—o—

The National Grand Lodge of Knights of Tabor will convene in St. Louis August 11th.

—o—

The M. E. Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons will hold its grand convocation in Lexington, August 18th.

—o—

St. James Lodge, 1455 will celebrated their nineteenth anniversary August 4th at Big Bethel church, New Orleans.

—o—

The Golden Leaf Social and Literary Circle will give its second complimentary picnic at the old Lake Milneburg (house on water) last Sunday.

—o—

Grand Chancellor Wilson, of Ohio, was re-elected by acclamation for a third time. The Sir Knights of Ohio are justly proud of Sir Wilson.

—o—

The eighth anniversary of colored orders of Odd Fellows was celebrated at Burlington, Iowa. More than two thousand people were in attendance. They paraded the streets and then was addressed by Mayor Duncan, of Burlington.

EDUCATION.

Symposium on the Benefits of a Well-Trained Mind—Two Elements Necessary to the Salvation of the Negro, Educa-and Money—Very Interesting Reading.

It is necessary to be educated in order to know how to live acceptable and useful lives. The colored people will be crowded out and pushed to the wall if they do not strive to educate themselves. They must not only get education but money. These two things are necessary to make one's life useful. Education without money is just as bad as money without education; deprived of either, it is hard to lead a life of usefulness, and the colored people can not afford to rest contented in the possession of one without the other. To be respected it is more than necessary to have both, and opportunities towards their attainments are opened to every one; but the getting of education is the first thing to direct the attention to in order to be better equipped for making money. The south, the natural home of the American Negro, offers many inducements towards this accomplishment, and the success of his life lies in his own hands. So far, he has made a considerable showing, but much still remains to be done. He must help himself and lay hold of those sources that assist him in his self help, and one of these sources is to get an education that has a bottom in it so as to make him stand up. That education is a normal and industrial ednCation. A normal course with some useful trade or occupation is doing more for the colored people than any other thing, aod almost all the indurtrial institutions in the south have proven successful, but none has so largely and rapidly increased as the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institution carried on at Tuskegee, Ala. This institution gives a normal and industrial course at a very small cost to the student who is anxious for an education. All the leading trades are taught so that young men who go there have the opportunity to learn some calling beneficial to them after leaving school. Young women are taught how to sew or some other female occupation helpful to them and their surroundings. The influence of such an education on the race is untold. The Hon. Willis Clark, of Mobile, in his history of education in Alabsma, just published, remarks, "From 1884 to 1888, the improvement was almost marvellous; the attendence increased from one hundred and sixty-nine in 1884 to five hundred and twents-five in 1888. The industrial department has been amplified, and seems to be managed with enterprise and discretion." The school for site and healthy location is unequaled. The buildings are large and commodious, and every year its enrollment increases. The principal, B. T, Washington, can be corresponded with by any worthy young man or woman who hates ignorance and idleness.

PHAEDO.

THERE IS WAILING.

Something Wrong with Our Correspondent—Sends up a Great Wail—Straight-out Talk at Last.

Wichita, Kan. Special to THE FREEMAN.

Much is said of the ignorant south, but if I ever saw ignorant people I see them in this city. The much talked of southern Negroes and their ignorance is far superior to a majority of the northern Afro-Americans. They pretend to have knowledge, yet put it to such little use. The southern colored people that come here have a working disposition, while the northern Negro thinks not of trying to earn his wages. He studies little of business and more of equality. They become politicians and sell themselves to those that will "cut" him as soon as the election is over.

To-day in Wichita, is a fair sample. Fifty people, all told, participated in a parade, and the celebration was the same on the grounds. Boys fought and jumped like wild people. At night there were present about 250 at the sham convention. It was more like the play of children than men of knowledge.

There are about 750 colored people in this city, and of that number it seems as though it is want of knowledge to stay at home and do nothing, but talk about the south. People better talk of the north and not of the south.

The house was called to order at 10:40 a. m., an unseemly hour to begin. I was born and raised in the north, but the north has no advantages over the south; and to say there are educated Negroes of the north, and especially of this city where there are mixed schools and white teachers. They are ready to throw stones at Kansas City, Leavenworth and other places where there are competent colored teachers.

There are a great many young men in our city and their education is at the "crap" table. True we have some noble men and women among us, but the majority are in need of teaching and I do hope they will do less talk and more work.

K. L. D.

A colored opera company has been formed in Philadelphia.

The Big Four Ministrel Company will appear at the Promote Hall, Bay St. Louis, New Orleans, this month.

A grand concert will be given by a committee of gentlemen of the First Shiloh Baptist church, Perdido street, New Orleans, on Monday night, August 25.

It is claimed that manager Lew Johnson has cleared $10,000 with his minstrel show, during the past two years in California and the surrounding country. Mr. Johnson has invested his earnings in a residence at Oakland and a ranche in the Napa Valley.

The Southern Crescent Athletic Club will give a picnic and athletic entertainment, for the benefit of its relief fund, this month at Spanish Fort. There will be a swimming match between Chas. Overhall and John Lewis, for a handsome prize; also several sparring matches between well-known sports. Mons. De La Rose, the modern Samson and iron-jaw man, will support with his teeth a barrel of water, 45 gallons. The human anvil will allow any one to break a rock of 150 or 200 pounds on his chest and will go through his wonderful dumb bell, club swinging and juggling performances. —Ex.

WILLIS & CO.,
The only Colored Undertakers in the city, 105 Indiana Avenue.
Everything first-class. Telephone, 1173. MR. GEORGE SAUNDERS, Ass't.

MAKE NO MISTAKE, SMOKE THE
FUMAS CIGAR
See that the word MENDEL appears on the ash. Others are imitations.

CHICAGO ADS.

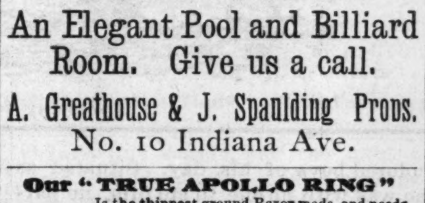
THE ALLIANCE,
171 THIRD AVENUE.
The best meals served, quick and neat, 15c and upwards. W. A. BUCKNER, Prop.

"THE SOCIAL"
Swerers AND Tuppins
HAVE PURCHASED THE BARBER SHOP AT
NO. 7 E. POLK ST.,
And invite their Patrons to call and see them. Good work, polite and attentive gentlemen to wait on you. Ladies and children given especial attention.
HOURS FROM 7 A. M. TO 9:30 P. M.
SATURDAY, 7 A. M. TO 1:30 P. M.
SUNDAY; 7 A. M. TO 1:30 P. M.
Out-Side Orders Promptly attended to.

WANTED 10,000 LADY AGENTS
on salary and commission to sell Madam Johnson's Home treatment for Ladies, a sure and speedy cure for all female complaints. Address with stamp. Madam E. B. Johnson.
1519 State Street.
Chicago, Ill.

J. M. JOHNSON & CO.,
(Colored)
Dealers in a full line of
BOOTS AND SHOES SLIPPERS AND TIES.
Custom work a specialty. All goods warranted as represented.
267 WEST INDIANA STREET,
Chicago, Ill.
—A complete line of seasonable goods.—

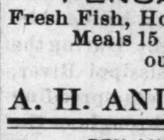
THE AVENUE EXCHANGE.
No 10 Indiana Ave.
Wines and Liquors, and best brands of CIGARS.
An Elegant Pool and Billiard Room. Give us a call.
A. Greathouse & J. Spaulding Props.
No. 10 Indiana Ave.

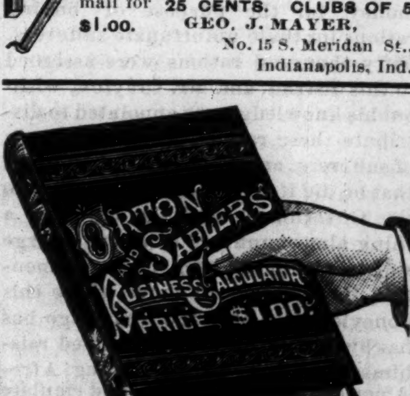
Our "TRUE APOLLO RING"
$2.00
WIDTHS. ⅝ & ¾ in.
Is the thinnest ground Razor made, and needs but little stropping. If you want to own and use the best Razor it is possible to make, send us an order for this one at $2.00.

We carry a great variety of Razors, but have selected this one as the most desirable we or any one can offer. This is a ROYAL RAZOR, believe us. Sent by mail, Postage paid.
ALLING & LODGE, MADISON, IND.

PENSACOLA, FLA.
MOBILE RESTAURANT,
404 BAYLEN STREET,
PENSACOLA, - - - FLA.
Open day and night. Keeps constantly on hand Fresh Fish, Hot Coffee, Ham and Eggs. Regular Meals, 25¢. Meals sent out, 35c.
H. JAMES - Prop.

M. S. G. Abbott, M. D.
PHYSICIAN - AND - SURGEON.
12 1-2 S. Tarragona street, or Railroad Street, McIntyre building,
PENSACOLA, - - - - FLA.
Graduated from Leonard Medical College at Raleigh, N. C., class '86. Office hours, 8:30 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 p. p., and at night.

Restaurant 209 1-3 Tarragona Street,
PENSACOLA, FLA.
Fresh Fish, Hot Coffee, Ham & Eggs. Meals 15 cents. Meals sent out, 35 cents.
A. H. ANDERSON, PROP.

PEN AND PENCIL STAMP

with your name and address sent by mail for 25 CENTS. CLUBS OF 5 $1.00. GEO. J. MAYER,
No. 15 S. Meridan St.,
Indianapolis, Ind.



This Splendid Business Calculator
will be sent to any address on receipt of $1.00, or free to any person who will send intwo subscriptions to THE FREEMAN.

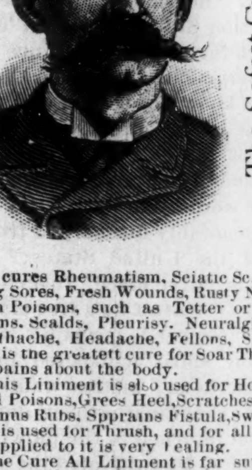
JOHNSON'S - CAFE.
The Leading Restaurant
We still hold the fort and guarantee satisfaction. Better than ever, hence our business has increased.
Isaac Johnson, 64 Indiana Ave.

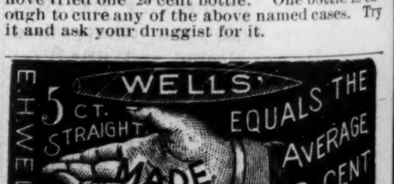
—SMOKE THE—
BOARD OF TRADE
—CIGAR,—
THE CHANCE OF MARION COUNTY,
and if you've got a dime call for the
HAMBLETONIAN or FLORA.

OUR NEW $85 Solid Gold Watch FREE, Worth $100.00. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases. Both ladies' and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $20 to $60 per week and upwards. Address, Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

MADISON RATTLER RAZOR, $1.25
True Apollo Ring Razor, - - - - - $2.00
Barbers' Shears, 8, 8½, 9 in., - - - - $1.00
New Style Button Hole Scissors, with set screw, 85c.
Mailed, registered. Refer to your postmaster.
ALLING & LODGE, Box 97, Madison, Ind.

J. B. JONES,
78 VIRGINIA AVENUE
PRACTICAL BOOT & SHOE MAKER.
All kinds of BOOTS and SHOES made to order at moderate prices and on short notice.
FLATS AND ENGLISH WALKING SHOES A SPECIALTY.
Repairing done while you wait.

CURE ALL LINIMENT.
A Sure Cure.

The Safest Cure,
The Quickest Cure,
And the Best Cure.
It cures Rheumatism, Sciatic Scrofula or Running Sores, Fresh Wounds, Rusty Nail Poisons or Skin Poisons, such as Tetter or Salt Rheum, Burns, Scalds, Pleurisy, Neuralgia, Backache, Toothache, Headache, Fellons, Sprains, Corns and is the greatett cure for Soar Throat. It cures all pains about the body.
This Liniment is also used for Horses, on Corns Nail Poisons, Grees Heel, Scratches, Fresh Woud, Harnus Rubs, Spprains Fistula, Sweny, Poll-evil, and is used for Thrush, and for all pains it can be applied to it is very healing.
The Cure All Liniment is far superior to any in the market, and is gaining great reputation among the people. Ask your neighbors if they hove tried one 25 cent bottle. One bottle is enough to cure any of the above named cases. Try it and ask your druggist for it.



CHINESE
HERB AND VEGETABLE REMEDIES.
GUN WA.
Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Troubles.
Cancer, Tape worm Female Weakness, Piles.
25 WEST WASHINGTON STREET.
As several branch depots for the sale of the GUN WA CHINESE HERB REMEDIES have been established, the business has been merged into an incorporated company. Hereafter all letters should be addressed
Gun Wa Chinese Herb Remedy Co.
25 W. Wash., St. Indianapolis, Ind.
Parlors open from 9 to 12 m., 1 to 5 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. If you write, enclose 4c in stamps to ensure answer.

Lincoln University, Chester County, Pa., received nearly $60,000 in bequests this year.

Sixty-two families of Negroes passed through Washington, D. C., lately en route to Ohio.

Ben Ebenezer at Greenville, Texas, killed his brother-in-law July 27th; family troubles.

In 1890 the Afro-Americans possessed wealth one-third in value of the aggregate sum possessed in 1790.

A colored desperado shot and dangerously wounded Theodore Ayres, a colored minister at Trenton, N. J., July 27.

Alexander Stephen's family mansion has been purchased by Frank Rogers, of Marietta, Ga. Mr. Rogers was at one time a slave.

A white girl, nine years of age, saved the life of a colored child three years old, near Charlotte, N. C., recently from drowning.

Spring Grove Cemetery at Cincinnati is exclusively for the white dead. No Afro-American, civilian or soldier is permitted to be buried in it.

Dr. H. N. Greene, the only Afro-American druggist in Elmira, N. Y., was married to Miss Lottie E. Washington of the same city recently.

Effie Bassett, a colored Indiana youth of some twenty summers, was bound over to the circuit court by Squire Ellis on a charge of stealing a pump.

The Afro-American militia of Charleston, S. C., will unite with the Georgia volunteer troops of Savannah in a celebration to be held at the latter city August 14th in honor of the fourteenth anniversary of their organization.

Georgia has colored militia companies, but these companies are not expected to go into annual encampment as the white companies. In consequence the Afro-American is somewhat indignant over this discrimination.

The Constitutional Convention of Mississippi convenes in Jackson this month. The delegates are all elected, but there is not a single Afro-American of the number, though the business of the convention is to legislate concerning this people.

The 29th U. S. regular troops valiantly served the government during the war, and now there is some talk of having in Chicago at an early day, a reunion of the few men that are living.

Stanley, the African Explorer, gives it as an experimental fact that the American Negro would "die" rapidly should he be transported to the Dark Continent. The climate and homesickness is not bearable by the emigrant from America.

The Firemen's Tournament last week in Macon, Ga., was the means of bringing together fifteen companies and more than five hundred colored firemen. It was a success and showed the ability of the race in more particulars than one.

Shooting a man through the head does not kill him in every case as evidenced by Alfred Harvey of Arkansas. Harvey never went to bed even, when a bullet perforated his skull. He is recovering.

Booker T. Washington, principal of the Tuskegee Normal School, Ala., has done a remarkable work amongst the people of the south. To encourage and show their appreciation a number of Harvard students tendered him a reception in Boston. The affair was a grand success in all respects.

The La Grange (Ga.,) Graphic says: "There is a colored man in Perry by the name of Alfred Swift who was struck by lightning recently. The bolt struck him at the elbow on the right arm, ran up his arm, around his body, down both legs, tearing both his shoes to pieces. The marks of the lightning are as plain as on a pine tree."

The Baltimore Sun of the 21st inst., in a special telegram from Norfolk, Va., says that a large body of colored men from North Carolina, in charge of an agent, passed through Norfolk en route to New Jersey where they are to be put to work, that almost every steamer from the sound section of North Carolina brings as passengers Negro men and women going North to be employed and to look for work.

Another atrocious murder was committed by a Chinaman named Wah Pak Chew in Los Cruses, N. M. The victim is Harry Patterson, a Negro, and formerly the driver of an express wagon in this city. The Chinaman was head cook in the Rio Grande Hotel and Patterson a waiter in the same establishment. Bad feeling had existed between them for sometime, and this morning the Chinaman called the waiter a liar the latter slapped him. The Mongolian left the house, procured a pistol and returning shot Patterson dead.—El Paso Times.

R. S. PURVIS,

His General Life and Work—A Model Man and Respected Sage.

The subject of this sketch, Mr. Robert S. Purvis, was born in Charleston, S. C., August, 4th, 1810. His grandmother was a Moor with crisp hair, magnificent features and great beauty. She was captured by an Arab girl and broght to a slave ship, thence to Charleston, where she was bought by a woman named Day who had her educated for her companion. She was married to a German flour merchant named Baron Judah. His mother and uncle were the only children born to them.

His mother was married to William Purvis, an English emigrant. Three children was the result of this union, William, Robert and Joseph. His father was a liberal and kind-hearted man. and established the first school here in 1803, He was very wealthy, being worth over a million, but he soon failed, however, but paid all his debts and came to Philadelphia where he soon died. He left about $120,000 in United States bonds for his family. Young Purvis soon started for Amhurst College, riding his horse all the way. He had among his class-mates Colt, the great inventor, and Alphonzo Taft, once Attorney General in Grant's Cabinet. He soon became acquainted with Benjamin Lundy, of New Jersey, the anti-slavery pioneer; later with Gaarison, whom he helped financially. It was at this time that he made himself known. He took an active part in the Anti-Slavery Convention, and went to Europe in 1834, encountering some of the most exciting events. Horace Birney, the Philadelphia lawyer, then sat in the House of Representatives from Philadelphia. He had settled the estate of Mr. Purvis' father, and gone to Mr. McLane, who was then President Jackson's Secretary of State, for a pasport for Mr. Purvis, but the latter refused him. When he stated the incident to Mr. Robert Vaux, father of the present Congressman Richard Vaux, Mr. Vaux grew indignant and said severely, "Well, sir, I order you to make out a passport, sir. No American citizen, sir, shall be deprived of his rights while I am President of this country." McLane signed the document, and to-day Mr. Purvis cheerishes it as one of his choicest treasures.

Mr. Purvis is an impassioned agitator, with a tongue of scorhching flame and a heart filled with human love; a man who has faced death, shared in the dangers of a riot; gave up the enjoyment of honor and wealth abroad and stooped to lift up his people from their miseries; a friend of Garaison, Sumner, Phillips, Whittier, and John Brown; a man who knew Wilberforce, Clarkson and Lafayett.

Speaking of mobs, he said, "In those days we thought something was wrong with our work unless we encountered a mob." He was mobbed at the burning of Pennsylvania Hall; he was mobbed with Whittier here, and in 1842 the crowd was bent on having his life. Mr. Purvis succeeded Thomas Shipley, as President of the Underground Railroad. Shipley began it and when he died Mr. Purvis took up the work. Mr. Purvis has been twice married; his first wife being a colored lady ard his present one being a Quaker and an author of some note. By his first wife he had nine children, five are dead. He has one son, a leading chemist in Detroit, another a lawyer in Charleston, S. C., and another, Robert Purvis, M. D., President of the Freedmen's Hospital in Washington, D. C. His daughter is in New England. He is eighty to-day.

J. W. B.

AND STILL THEY COME!

Requests for The Freeman—Creates a Sensation—A. M. E. Benefit.

Brookhaven, Miss., Special to THE FREEMAN.

You will please to send me twenty-five additional copies of THE FREEMAN. I am thinking that your paper will create a sensation here, as those who have read it are carried away with it. I have 18 subscribers.

Mrs. McCloud, of Jackson, Miss., visited Brookhaven Saturday in the interest of the Building and Loan Association. His work is highly appreciated.

Prof. Evans has purchased a fine residence in town and is moving into i

A grand social will be held at the town hall Saturday night, August 9th, under the auspices of the young ladies for the benefit of the A. M. E. church.

A. G. B.

HO! YE KNIGHTS, BRAVE AND TRUE

The Conclave and the Commanderies—Dates and Doings—Brightening up for the Approaching Parade—Good Things for Our "Yankee" Brethern.

New Bedford, Mass., Special to THE FREEMAN.

The members of the Salem Baptist Sunday School gave a picnic at Sylvan Grove. It is the place for a picnic, could not be better with all that one could desire to make a day of pleasure. A park of all the latest improvements, and a beautiful scene along the road. All had a pleasant day, and were pleased with the arrangements of the committee.

The circulars are out giving official announcement of the demonstration of the Knights-Templars, in this city, September 17th and 18th. The annual conclave of the Grand Commandery of Rhode Island and her subordinate commanderies, namely; Simon No. 1, Golgotha No. 2, St. Paul No. 3, of Providence, Lewis Hayden No. 4, of Boston, Mt. Zion No. 5, of Worchester, Benjaman No. 6, of New York, and Thomas Dalton No. 7, of New Bedford, will meet here in annual conclave and parade. In view of this fact Thomas Dalton Commandery, of this city, has invited, as their guest on this occasion, the following Commanderies: Mt. Calvary No. 1, Paul Drayton No. 2, Ivanhoe No. 3, St. Johns No. 4, of New York, and Mt. Olive No. 2, of Richmond, Va. There will be present delegates from Mt. Calvary Commandery No. 4, of Washington, D. C. Invitations have been extended to C. F. A. Francis, Grand Master of Prince Hall Grand Lodge, of Massachussetts, and John H. Deyo, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New York. This will be the event of the season, as a large number of strangers are expected to participate in the festivities.

The ladies Helping Hand Circle, in the interest of the Thomas Dalton's Commandery, gave their third social in the Masonic Hall, which was well attended. Their object is to assist in raising funds to entertain the expected gueste on the above dates. They will repeat the same at an early date.

There was a large number attended the first of August celebration at Rocky Point.

Miss Mary L. Harding, a young lady of Pine Bluff, Ark., is an expert type-writer.

Mrs. Abbie W. Lyon, music teacher, at New Orleans, rendered some very artistic selections at the anniversary of the Rising Sons of Liberty, July 17th.

Miss Alferetta Chapman was the only student of twenty sustaining an examination of the Albany Commercial College. Miss Chapman was the only Afro-American in the college.

Mrs. Josephine Harris, Miss Hattie Shelton and Mrs. Harriet Pollard, of Washington, presented the Third Baptist Church of that city with a silver mounted water pitcher and cup.

Mrs. Alice James, of Washington City, a lady prominently known in her city, died lately, and her funeral was the largest ever given to a private citizen. There were seventy-one hacks and the hearse was drawn by four horses heavily draped.

Cincinnati has a colored lady dentist in the person of Miss Ida Gray who recently graduated from the Ann Arbor Dental department. Miss Gray has opened an office and invites the patronage of her native city. She is, we think, the only one in the race and deserves success for her pluck and determination.—Ex.

Mrs. Ex-Senator Bruce, her son Roscoe, and Mrs. M. H. Holland and daughters, were registered at the Cataract House, Niagara Falls, the other day. They will make an extensive trip through Canada and return to Washington the latter part of September.

It has no Competitor.

We have just recieved an electro-type "ad" of THE FREEMAN which we insert. THE FREEMAN has no competitor in the Journalistic field. It is the greatest Negro newspaper in the world, and should receive the support of all race loving people.—Texas Reformer.

"GREAT FRENCH SYSTEM OF HAIR IMPROVEMENT."

The Bible says: "The glory of woman is her hair." Not her form, face, color or clothes, but her ha

AFTER USING. (TRADE MARK.) BEFORE USING;

SOFT, STRAIGHT AND GLOSSY.

Innumerable letters reach me daily from all points, requesting the preparation which actually produces the straight condition of the hair. I am pleased to be able to state that I am now prepared to place in the hands of agents Cheveline, the only original and true Hair Straightener.

The meri s of this system so far excell all others that elegant and refined ladies will have no other. There is no process of pasting down, no pulling with tongues or pressing with irons. No fear of falling out, no danger in getting wet from perspiration, or from steam over a stove, or from the rain. The hair may be washed frequently without the slightest injury, but, on the contrary, with great benefit. By cleansing the hair and scalp the hair becomes soft and silky and retains its straightness, as is not the case with ironed hair, which, from lack of washing, becomes greasy, gummy and offensive to fastidious taste.

This method is offered because it will not only tend to greatly improve and refine the countenance of all those treated, greatly improving the poise of the head and the life and the animation of the face, as will be seen from the pictures taken from life b fore and after being treated; but it will be a wonderful convenie..ce making hair-d essing what it too often is, a long a d tedious process, but a short and pleasing operation, saving time, if you are in a hurry, and not torturing you if the scalp is tender.

We do not care to sell to individuals, but wish to solicit purchasers for city, county or state rights, to be handled **EXCLUSIVELY** by them.

☞ Apply for terms at 118 North Tenn. St eet, Indianapolis, Ind.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Following are a few of the many Testimonials that reach us daily:

STANFORD, KY., July 22, 1890.

R. E. Elliott,

DEAR MISS:—I find it a positive pleasure in selling your goods as everywhere they seem to give such perfect satisfaction. I sold a neighbor of mine a bottle of your Scalp Cleanser and Hair Grower. She had had the fever and it had taken all her hair out until she was completely bald and was forced to wear a wig. Since using your preparations for the hair she has put aside the wig and her own hair is beautifully black and wavy. Respectfully Yours,

ELLA COOK.

ROSENEATH, MISS., July 10, '90.

Miss R. E. Elliott,

DEAR MISS:—Received the box of goods. I find that your pomade is the best thing that ever was used in the way of a hair dressing. I think you should give more encouragement to gentlemen to purchase your toilet articles, as I find in my own experience that gentlemen will be as well pleased with them after trial as your lady patrons. Please write me concerning the full course of your hair treatment as I wish to follow it if possible. Respectfully, Etc.,

L. H. HALL.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 21, '90.

Miss Rebecca Elliott,

DEAR MISS:—What are your terms for purchasing rights for using your Cheveline? I have been using your Hair Grower and am so well pleased after using two bottles that I think I will meet with great success in introducing the Cheveline. Respectfully,

FANNIE BRANSFORD.

B. Dorgan and Jefferson Sts.

BALTIMORE, MD., July 11, '90.

Rebecca E. Elliott,

DEAR MISS:—Enclosed you will find a list of testimonials from both ladies and gentlemen of our city who have used your Toilet Articles and wish to testify to their virtue and worth.

Miss Margret Bawyer, 147 W Hamburg St.
Jacob Briant, 804 China St.
F. Catherine Lawson, 141 W. Hill St.

Very Respectfully Your Agent,

WM. H. CARPENTER.

224 W. Hill Street.

CENTER POINT, ARK., July 16, '90.

DEAR MADAM:—Your bottle of face remedy arrived in good order and I am proud to state that it has done my face so much good I can't say enough in its praise. I shall insist on my many friends and neighbors to send for a bottle of your Toilet Cream. Since it has done my face so much good I have resolved to send for your hair preparations and test their merit.

Yours Truly,

ELSIE HENDRIX.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., June 9, '90.

R. E. Elliott,

DEAR MISS:—I received your Medicated Hair Grower and Scalp Cleanser by mail all right. Many thanks for the same. I have tried it and think it very nice. I can hardly say enough in its praise. I have used all of your preparations and think any lady will feel her money well spent that uses them. Respectfully Yours,

MRS. J. F. SLAUGHTER.

55 Hanover Street.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 16, '90.

Miss Elliott,

Please send me my order immediately; I have quite a number of orders waiting.

MRS. JEROME WALLACE.

2529 State Street.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., May 10, '90.

DEAR MADAM:—I received my box and was much pleased with contents. You would be surprised to see how my hair has improved, even since last week. I will send in another order soon. My customers are much pleased with your toilet articles. Yours Respectfully,

SARAH BURKS.

5 Ranks Street.

GEEEN BAY, WIS., Feb. 29, '90.

Miss Elliott,

DEAR MISS:—I have been using your Nuitritive Pomade and find it very beneficial to the hair. My hair was dry and harsh and coming out very fast. I saw your advertisement in the Appeal, of Chicago. I sent and got one bottle of Mrs. Jerome Wallace, 2529 State street. I have only used the half of the Pomade and my hair is growing soft and beautiful. I find it just the thing for colored ladies' hair. I know of many ladies who know nothing of your preparations, that I am sure would surely purchase them if introduced to them. Please send me samples of your other preparations C. O. D., and I shall be proud to introduce them, as I am traveling in the interest of another firm, and can work jointly for both. Yours truly,

MRS. JENNIE ROULETTE.

119 Adams Street.

Price of Medicated Scalp-Cleanser and Hair-Grower, $1,10; Nutritive Pomade, 72 cents; Hort Toilet Cream 75 cents.

The above toilet articles will be sent on receipt of the above price, sent in postal notes or money sent in registered letters, by addressing

R. E. ELLIOTT, & CO.,
118 N. Tennessee Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

Medicated Scalp Cleanser and Hair Grower, $1.10; Nutrive Pomade, 72 cts; Antiseptic Toilet Cream, 75 cts. Three preparations $2,00. One or all of the above preparations can be obtained on receipt of price sent in Postal Notes, money orders or registered letters, by addressing,

REBECCA E. ELLIOTT & Co.,
118 North Tennessee Street Indianapolis, Ind.

Let Everyone Attend W. H. ROLL'S.

Friday Bargain Sale.

This Friday we will offer any INGRAIN CARPET in or store at 55 cents per yard.

Nothing reserved. Two hundred patterns to select from Nothing like it has ever been offered Indianapolitans before and can be had only at ROLL'S, the Leading Carpet Establishment in the city. Sales for Cash,

F. M. BAZEL, Salesman.

No. 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38 South Illinois St.

$6.00. $8.00, $10.00, $12.00

☞ WILL SECURE YOU A BEAUTIFUL ☞

LIFE-SIZE PORTRAIT.

Finest work guaranteed. Orders by mail receive promp attention.

Edward H. Lee, 323 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois

☞ Rooms, 14 and 15. Agents wanted.

CHICAGO AND RETURN

Only $7.00.

Via C. H. & D. and MONON ROUTE.

From Cincinnati, and one cent per mile for the round trip from all stations south of Deshler. Occasion of the PATRIARCHS MILITANT and I. O. O. F. MEETING. Tickets on sale August 5th and 6th; good returning until August 11, 1890.

Also Excursion Tickets at One Fare for the Round trip from same points will be on sale August 2d, 3d, and 4th; good returning until August 11, 1890.

For further information address nearest agent C. H. & D. R. R.

E. O. McCORMICK,
General Passenger and Ticket Agt.

—THE—

Big Four Route

—FOR THE—

Twenty-Fourth ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT

—OF THE—

Grand Army OF THE Republic

—AT—

BOSTON, MASS.

AUGUST 12 to 15, 1890.

Round-Trip Excursion Tickets.

Will be sold via this Popular Line at

VERY LOW RATES.

REMEMBER

The Big Four Route

—IS THE—

Popular Through Car Line to Boston,

Equipped with Wagner Palace Vestibuled Sleeping-cars, luxurious Day Coaches, and an elegant Dining-car Service.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P., Agent, C. C. C. St. S. R'y Indianapolis.
Oscar G. Murray, Traffic Mgr. D. B. Martin, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
Cincinnati, Ohio.

—THE—

Big Four Route

—WILL SELL—

Round Trip Excursion Tickets

TO

CHICAGO

ON ACCOUNT OF THE

Continental Cantonment

Partriarchs Millitant.

I. O. O. F.

—AT RATE OF—

One Cent Per Mile,

with one dollar added for admission coupon, which entitles the holder to witness all Competive Drills, Inspections, Dress Parades, etc, held during the Cantonment.

Tickets will be sold Tuesday, August 5th, and Wednesday. August 6th; good returning until August 11th. In addition to the above, tickets will be sold for trains of August 2d, 3d, and 4th, good to return until August 11th, at rate of One Fare for Round Trip, with similar addition for admission coupons.

The Big Four Route

IS THE

ONLY THROUGH CAR LINE

BETWEEN

Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago,

RUNNING

Solid Vestibule Trains,

equipped with the finest Compartment Buffett Sleeping Cars, standard Wagner Sleeping Cars, and elegant Reclining Chair Cars; luxurious Parlor and Cafe Dining Cars on Day Trains.

All trains on the Big Four Route arrive at and depart from Central Union Station, Cincinnati, where direct connection is made with through trains of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry., Kentucky Central Ry., and Queen and Crescent Route, avoiding the tedious transfer necessary via other lines.

For full information as to tickets, rates, and time of trains, call on or addaess

H. M. Bronson, A. G. P. Agent, C. C. C. St. L. R'y., Indianapolis.
Oscar G. Murray, Traffic Mgr. D. B. Martin, Gen'l. Pass Agt.
Cincinnati, Ohio.

CAPT. PAUL BOYNTON

will give one of his full nautical exhibitions at

Broad Ripple on Sunday, August 3rd, 1890.

Besides this exhibition there will be a full team of

Log Rollers

This in itself is a show worth going miles to see and is something never before seen here.

Wallace Ross

the famous oarsman will give an exhibition in fast and fancy rowing using boats of paper 30 feet long and weighing only 20 pounds.

The proprietors of Broad Ripple Park have arranged a race between this World Renowned Oarsman and

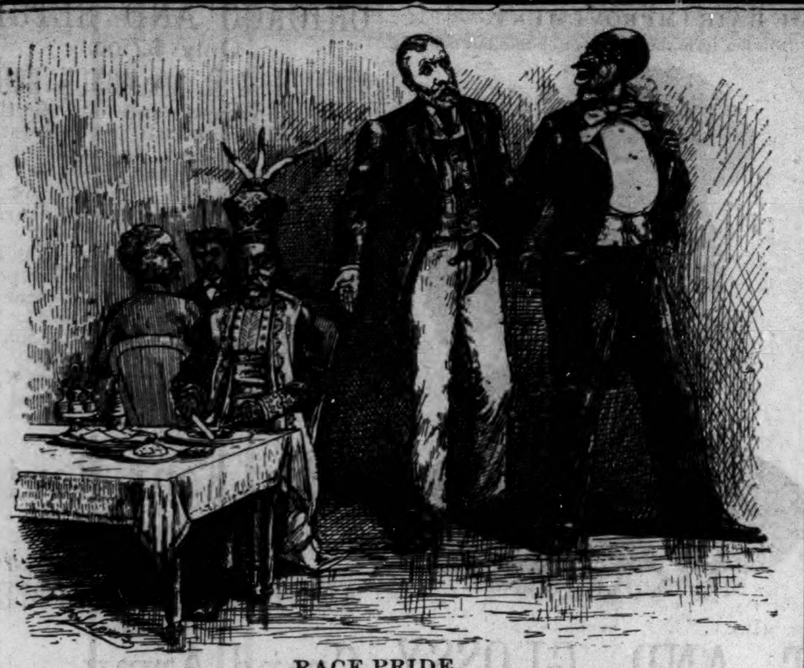
Mr. Harry Vail,

of New Brunswick, for a purse of $250,00 a side. This will be a bonafide race and the most exciting one ever witnessed in the state of Indiana as Ross and Vail have been trying to arrange a race for some time and each one will try his best to win it.

Time of Trains on the Monon Route.

Leave Union Station at 10:00 a. m. 1:00 p. m. and 2:30 p. m.

Leave Mass. Ave. at 10:10 a. m., 1:10 p. m., and 2:40 p. m. Returning leave Broad Ripple at 7:00 p. m.



RACE PRIDE.

Hotel Proprietor—"Want to resign, Sambo? What's the matter?"

Colored Waiter—"I don't wait on no niggers, sah!"

Hotel Proprietor—"Why, that's Bamboojee Putupjee Bah, the great Hindoo traveler."

Colored Waiter—(with increased stiffness) "But I shan't wait on no foreign niggahs, sah!"—Texas Siftings.

OUR CITY PEOPLE.

—L. A. Simpson is in the city.

—Tim Tyler has gone to Chicago for permanent residence.

—There is a letter at this office for Capt. James H. Thomas.

—Mrs. Lulu Johnson is visiting friends in Kalamzoo, Mich.

—Walter Nave, after a serious spell of sickness, is again about.

—Don't forget the Odd Fellows picnic, at the exposition next Tuesday.

—Luella Modlin, after a sever spell of sickness, is able to be around once more.

—S. O. Johnson left this week for Boston, New York and other eastern points.

—The social given by the Daughters of Tabernacle, Thursday evening was a grand success.

—Mrs. H. Gibbs, of Chicago, after a pleasant visit among friends and relatives, has retu~ned home.

—Mrs. Mayson, of Bloomington, Ind. who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Nellie Knox, has returned home.

—The Thornton and English Guards have returned to the city after a pleasant encampment at South Bend.

—Charles Kelly, of Mt. Carmel, Ill. and Rev. M. Coleman, of Crawfords ville, Ind., were in the city this week

—Mrs. B. K. Bruce is in the city, the guest of her sisters, Misses Mary and Victoria Wilson at 249 College avenue.

—The benefit entertainment given to Rev. J. A. Davis, at Allen Chapel, last evening, was a succes financially and otherwise.

—The testimonial benefit to Rev J H Clay, August 26th, promises to be a mammoth affair, judging from the preparations made.

—The Star Concert Company, under the management of Morris F. White, will be at the Vermont street church, August 18th. Don't miss it.

—Miss Georgia Stevenson, of the Star Concert Company, charmed the people of Rushville Saturday evening, at their popular opera house with her sweet voice.

—The jubilee meeting, at Crown Hill Park, promises to be the most largely attended religious meetings every held in this city. It will begin next Friday, see advertisement.

—Misses Emma Buckner, Amanda Beckley and Estell Fisher left the city this week, for a jaunt in Kentucky. They will uisit Lexington, Frankfort, Louisville and other points in that State.

—Mrs M E Ritchey, of Covington, who was in this city a few weeks ago, has returned to her home much elated with her trip. She speaks glowingly of the hospitality of the Indianapolis people, and returns thanks for the courtesies shown her.

—Miss Anna Bell Blue, a graduate of the high school and normal school, of Bloomington, Ill., and a daughter of one the prominent Afro-Americans of that city, has taken service with R. E. Elliott & Co., as an amanuensis. She is a fine musician, and an excellent conversationalist, and is a splendid acquisition to Indianapolis society.

—The reception given by the Thornton Guards, at Simpson Chapel, was a success. The program was good, the drill given by the four young men was excellent and showed that they were well drilled. The company presented two very handsome badges to Captain J. M. Porter and first Lieutenant, Chas. Rodgers.

—Master Major Taylor, of this city is without a doubt the expert wheelman of his age, in the state, both for fancy and speed. In the ten mile handy-cap race, near Maywood, he was given fifteen minutes start, and won in 56 minutes and 15 seconds, receiving a handsome gold badge, given by Hay and Willits.

—A most enjoyable afternoon was spent with Miss Estella Floyd Thursday, from 3 to 5. Those accepting her hospitality, were Miss Gaddie of Louisville, Mrs. R W Brown of St. Louis, Miss Flora Elkins, Minnie E'beit, Mary Palmer, Stella Fisher, Mr Guy, of Columbus, Ohio, Mr Davis, of Logansport, J H Walden, and Mrs Wm Green.

—Mrs. Lizzie Scott, one of Indianapolis' best and acknowledged singers, has consented to render one of her beautiful selections at the Testimonial Concert, August the 26th. Everybody should not fail to miss this rare treat.

Great Britain would doubtless be glad to let the Behring seal fisheries remain just as they always have been, and not set up any claim to rights there, but Canada won't let her. England seems to be afraid of one of her own colonies. Well, suppose Canada joins the United States?

How popular rights are protected in the northwest is shown in the case of an irrigating canal in Colorado. One hundred and twelve farmers had bought water rights along its line. A number of other owners claimed they had the first right to the water, and pending the dispute the state authorities closed down the head gate of the canal and shut off the water. The 112 farmers endured this till they saw before them the destruction of their crops, orchards and live stock. Then some bold spirits went one night and by main force pried up the head gate and let the water all along the line of the ditch. Those who went by the spot next morning saw this notice posted up on the elevated gate: "The man or men who will attempt to shut down this gate shall be killed on the spot." At last accounts the gate still remained up.

It would be strange if the rumor that the mutiny in the queen's own household guards and the strikes and discontent among the London letter carriers and policemen were a socialist move should turn out to be true. Alarmists say that socialists have been quietly stealing into government service for several years past, proselyting their comrades and preparing for a final blow that should work a revolution when the proper hour struck. All departments of the government are said to be honeycombed with them. Come to think of it, such a case would be by no means impossible, or even very improbable. It would not be a difficult thing to accomplish in any country in civilization in the present state of the public mind, if the conspirators worked quietly and long enough. At the time of the police strike in London a socialist speaker said openly that this was a part of the prearranged plan. He said: "England is to be made a comfortable place for those who work, but a young hell for those who do not."

Six Thousand Intoxicants.

A New York Star reporter, who of course has no practical acquaintance with the liquids he describes, tells us there are no less than 6,000 intoxicants known to the custom house records and constantly brought, all or part of them. to every port of entry in the Union. Ninety-five per cent. of the immigrants to America drink alcoholic liquors in one form or another, and not more than 5 per cent. of them ever heard of total abstinence. Once here they both make and import their favorite home land intoxicants.

From Mexico come pulque and mescal, made from the cactus. Central and South America send white sugar cane rum, along with multitudinous other villainous drinks which the reporter seems to understand suspiciously well. Spanish South America brews a number of drinks delicious to the taste which are on the whole mild. These drinks are distilled from the lemon, orange, banana, guava, cocoanut, tamarind, fig and chocolate and vanilla. Orange peel gin, however, is a concoction which will make even the Anglo-Saxon stand on his head.

The Russian imports his vodka, the Norwegian his caraway whisky, the German his whisky made from potato parings and other equally frugal bases. The vodka is about on a level with high wines, while of the potato paring whisky the less said the better. The custom house divides all these nondescript importations into four classes: wines, strong liquors, cordials and medicines.

German or French?

The president of a girls' normal school where the three languages French, German and Greek are made elective expresses his surprise, somewhat in terms of disapproval, of the fact that the young ladies choose French in preference to German in the proportion of nearly two to one. He says that a knowledge of German is far more useful in this country, yet French is more fashionable; therefore the girls take French.

Now, it is not likely that the amount of either language that the girls get in an ordinary high school will be worth quarreling about. Both these tongues are usually taught in the schools as if they were dead languages instead of living ones, and as a consequence when the pupil quits school he cannot speak more than half a dozen words of either French or German, or understand even so many as that when he hears them spoken. So practically it is not of much moment which language the girls choose.

But which language will be more useful to a student depends on the use he intendeds to make of it. If he expects to go to Europe and travel in different countries then he should learn French. French may be called the international coin of language. It circulates everywhere. At all the hotels of Europe the servants and officials with whom the traveler comes in contact speak that tongue and expect foreigners of whatever nationality to be able to speak it also. As it is the language of diplomacy it is for some reason also the language of travel, though the French themselves are the poorest travelers in civilization.

So, if the student wishes to learn a foreign tongue with the view to foreign travel, let him select French by al! means. But if he wants a tongue which will enable him to transact business and converse with the largest number of foreigners in this country, then let him take German. And, if he has time, let him take both French and German, and learn them, not by the grammar merely, but by the conversational method, so that he will have upon his tongue a little of the learning he has stuffed imperfectly into his head. The average lifetime, even of a busy woman or man, is quite long enough to master these two great modern languages. We ought to study modern languages in a really practical way much more than we do, for we Americans are shockingly poor linguists. So why not both French and German?

It is expected that the census will show a greater number of aged people in the country than has ever been the case before. Dr. Cyrus Edson, of the New York health department, says there is reason to believe the human family is not only lengthening its average life, but that people have stronger constitutions than they had a generation or two ago. As proof he mentioned that the men who went on the last North Pole expedition lived under conditions to which men had been exposed some sixty years ago and met their death. On the last polar expedition the explorers passed the limit where animal and vegetable life both ceased and the thermometer sank to 70 degs. below zero, yet they lived. This was never before accomplished in the history of the world.

Rev. Dr. Deems, in a sermon on the land and labor question, says that "Moses by the help of God devised a land system that made controversy between labor and capital impossible." This land system was the jubilee year plan, under which in that year the land returned to its original owners. The people then obtained on leases as much land as they wished to occupy. The underlying principle was that the land was God's land and the occupying tenants were his guests. The holder made the land yield as much as possible while he occupied it. The system of Moses if adopted in our time would, in the estimation of Dr. Deems, prevent speculation, do away with greediness and promote gentleness of manners. Well, did it have that effect in the time when it was in use?

The latest improvement in the phonograph is one that will bring blessing to tired newspaper writers and business men. A person can procure one of the new phonographic dispatch boxes, talk into it columns of newspaper or business correspondence, and then simply hand the machine to the typewriter girl. She copies the contents of the cylinders by ear from the phonograph. Thus easily the work is all done, and the burden of a great weight lifted from the person who first talked them into the machine.

Cardinal Gibbons says of Sunday observance: "Sunday should be first of all a day devoted to religious worship, and second, to innocent and healthful recreation, as being the only day in which the great masses of the people have time to seek relaxation from their work.

Sir Charles Russell has not won imperishable glory by aiding old Clancarty in the attempt to prove his daughter-in-law was not a good woman. The greatest pleader in England ought not to have let himself appear in such a role.

The Chicago Tribune puts a notice of one of Gen. Palmer's largest campaign meetings under the headline, "Candidates and Steers." Does The Tribune think thereby to cow the Democracy?

The grave and dignified Philadelphia Public Ledger says this: "Chicago, leave off mischief making disputes and begin."

There is one way to end the fight between St. Paul and Minneapolis. Marry the two together and call it Minniepaul. They were only ten miles apart in the first place, and the distance has grown steadily and rapidly less.

This has been the largest export year in the history of the United States. The vast increase in our products was due to cattle, sheep, hogs, breadstuffs and dairy products. According to this American farmers ought to be prosperous.

For the sake of the existence of republics it is to be hoped that Buenos Ayres will be able to work out of the troubles that so nearly precipitated ruin upon the Argentine Republic. Buenos Ayres was the province that traveled faster than the others along the road of borrowing and mortgage, and here the revolt broke out.

Gen. Hazen has been investigating the number of destructive tornadoes since 1872. He finds there have been fifty-seven such in different parts of the Union up to March 27, 1890. The tornadoes occurred in twenty different states, and killed or injured 2,796 persons and destroyed $12,470,000 worth of property. Illinois and Missouri had the greatest number of these visitations, and the states on the Atlantic coast as a rule the fewest.

The United States silver law has echoed around the world already. Long before the month would expire when it would become law millions of ounces of silver were bought here by England and shipped across the water. England did this to have a supply on hand before the price went up in the market. She wanted the silver to send to India, to pay for wheat and cotton. Next the movement struck China and raised the price of tea, all payments for tea being made in silver. Thus, starting from western United States, the silver wave went around the globe and came home again.

Educational Ideas.

It is in the nature of a surprise to the American to be told that in Denmark, Norway, Sweden and even Finland there is less illiteracy than there is in the United States, yet such is the fact. In the countries named and in Germany the ratio of illiteracy to population above 10 years of age is less than 1 per cent. In Germany this result might be expected, since for generations Germany has had a compulsory educational law.

But Germany, to which we are indebted for so many new and valuable ideas in education, has lately gone a step ahead of all the rest of the world in the matter of school house building and furnishing. The subject of manual training in public schools here is being more or less agitated, though few definite steps have been as yet taken toward this end. But work rooms and shops are adjuncts of nearly all the school buildings in Germany. Besides that, connected with each building is a complete gymnasium. There the children learn in miniature the exercises that, as turners, they afterward carry to perfection. These physical exercises are a necessary part of their education, and make them strong, elastic and erect and limber of carriage.

Even beyond this has the German school house of the new time gone. It has a library and a bathroom, the latter provided with hot and cold showering apparatus. On drowsy days, when the manifest temptation is to go to sleep over lessons, the pupil is gently invited to take a shower bath, with, it is said, the best results to both his health and intellectual vigor. Finally, there are prison cells for refractory children. All these are clustered together under the roof of the school building.

The Tyranny of Things.

Scribner's Magazine contains a suggestive editorial on the subject of how "things" in time get to own us and become our masters and tyrants, instead of our owning them. We are not content with happy and elegant simplicity, but add more and more to our belongings, till we are swamped with them, especially if we live in rented houses and move from place to place. They worry us till at length in our secret hearts we would be glad to move out and leave them and start all over again; glad even if they would take fire and burn to ashes, so do they oppress us at last.

Of the common mistake of renting or purchasing too big a house the writer says:

A big house is one of the greediest cormorants which can light upon a little income. Backs may go threadbare and stomachs may worry along on indifferent fillings, but a house will have things though its occupants go without. It is rarely complete, and constantly tempts the imagination to flights in brick and dreams in lath and plaster. It develops annual thirst for paint and wall paper; the plumbing in it must be kept in order on pain of death. Whatever price is put on coal, it has to be heated in winter; and if it is rural or suburban, the grass about it must be cut, even though funerals in the family have to be put off for the mowing. If the tenants are not rich enough to hire people to keep their house clean, they must do it themselves, for there is no excuse that will pass among housekeepers for a dirty house.

The master of a house too big for him may expect to spend the leisure which might be made intellectually or spiritually profitable in acquiring and putting into practice fag ends of the arts of the plumber, the bell hanger, the locksmith, the gasfitter and the carpenter. Presently he will know how to do everything that can be done in the house except enjoy himself. He will learn about taxes, too, and water rates, and how such abominations as sewers or new pavements are always liable to accrue at his expense. As for the mistress, she will be a slave to carpets and curtains, wall paper, painters and women who come in by the day to clean. She will be lucky if she gets a chance to say her prayers, and thrice and four times happy when she can read a book or visit with her friends. To live in a big house may be a luxury, provided that one has a full set of money and an enthusiastic housekeeper in one's family, but to scrimp in a big house is a miserable business.

GRAND PICNIC

AT THE EXPOSITION GROUNDS TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1890,

Under the auspices of Lincoln Union Lodge, No. 1486, Gerritt Smith Lodge, No. 1707, O. P. Morton Lodge, No. 1987,

G. U. O. of O. F,

For the purpose of raising money to complete their New Lodge Building on Indiana Avenue. All kinds of entertaining amusements on the grounds. Base Ball, Foot Ball, Horse Racing, etc. Also a grand

—PRIZE DRILL!—

A prize of $15 will be given to the best drilled Military Company, provided two companies or more compete.

—A GRAND STREET PARADE—

Headed by the Brotherhood Military Band. The Household of Ruth, Patriarchie and Grand Masters' Council have been invited to participate.

—A BAND CONCERT—

In the evening by the Brotherhood Band, consisting of twenty-six pieces. The best order will be maintained. The Committee have spared no pains to make this a day of enjoyment and pleasure for all.

Admission, adults, 25c; children under 12 years, 15c.

COMMITTTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Trustees: Carter Temple, Conrad Burley, John Carter, C. M. C. Willis, Benj. T. Thornton, Wm. W. Christy, Edward Scott, Henry Moore, Nelson Blackwell.

Special Committee: Willis Kersey, Benj. Wade, Wm. W. Walden, E. Covington, Thos. Pickett, N. P. Gardner, Wm. E. White, Geo. C. Hayes, Howard Douglass.

☞ Stands will be sold, Saturday, August 16.

A Grand Jubilee Meeting!

There will be a ten day's meeting at Crown Hill Park, beginning August 22d, and continuing until the 31st, inclusive. This meeting will be held under the auspices of the Second Baptist church. The proceeds of the meeting will be used to free the church from debt. Crown Hill Park is situated directly north on the Electric line, just four miles from the city. It is one of the most beautiful parks of the city, there being a great many large trees, plenty of grass and water, and in case of rain you can find shelter under the large tent that will be erected in which divine services will be held. The grounds will be illuminated with electric lights, so you see that everything will be arranged to add to the felicity of the occasion. The following prominent divines will, according to promise, assist in the meeting: Rev. R. T. Huffman, D. D., Winchester, Ky.; Rev. R. T. Anderson, D. D., Knoxville, Tenn., formerly pastor of the Blackford Street A. M. E. church; Rev. J. D. Rouse, D. D., Evansvil'e, Ind.; Rev. G. E. Scott, A. B., Louisville, Ky.; Rev. C. H. Clark, D. D., Owensboro, Ky. The ministers of the city are cordially invited to assist in the meeting. Divine services will be as follows: Preaching every afternoon at 3 o'clock and 8 o'clock p. m., during the week. On the Sabbath, general covenant meeting from 10 to 11 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m., 3 p. m., and 8 p. m. The choir of the Second Baptist church will render appropriate selections during the meeting. Good order will be preserved. Our many friends and the public generally are cordially invited to spend ten days with us in serving God in the wilderness.

On the Sabbath a small admission of 10 cents for adults and 5 cents for children will be charged at the gate. Take the electric cars and they will take you directly to the gate of the park for 5 cents. The last car will leave the park at 11 a. m.

Those desiring stands will call at 9 Fayette street. Rev. J. W. Carr, pastor; C. Burley, S. Marshall, G. Davis, I. Tanner, D. Pierce, L. Wadkins, G. W. Bruton, I, Chandler, Committee. tf

POLITICAL.

FOR Auditor of State, J. O. Henderson, of Kokomo, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

***

FOR Treasurer of Marion County, Victor M. Backus, subject to the popular vote of the people on Nov 4.

***

FOR Clerk Supreme Court—Marion County: JOSEPH T. FANNING—Subject to the the decision of the Democratic State convention.

***

FOR Clerk of Marion County, JOHN R. WILSON.

***

FOR Sheriff of Marion County, HENRY W LANGENBURG—Subject to the Democratic Nominating Convention.

***

FOR Prosecuting Attorney, JOHN W. HOLTZMAN—Subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention.

***

FOR Auditor of Marion County, THOMAS TAGGART—Subject to the Decision of the Democratic Nominating Cinvention.

***

FOR County Commissioner, Third District FURMAN STOUT—Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

***

FOR Sheriff of Marion County, CAPT. J. MANY—Subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

***

FOR Coroner of Marion County, FRANK E MANKER, M. D—Subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention.

***

JOHN LEE.

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the decision of the democratic state convention.

County Democratic Ticket.

For Clerk—John R. Wilson.
For Sheriff—Henry Langenberg.
For Auditor—Tomas Taggart.
For Treasurer—Victor M. Backus.
For Recorder—Peter Carson.
For Coroner—Frank Manker.
For Surveyor—Paul Julian.
For Commissioner Second District—Michael H. Farrell.
For Commissioner Third District—Firman Stout.
For Superior Court Judges—Napoleon B. Taylor, Jas. W. Harper, for term commencing November 1890; P. W. Bartholomew for term commencing October 1892.
For Judge of Circuit Court—Edgar A. Brown.
For Judge of Criminal Court—Millard F. Cox.
For Prosecuting Attorney—John W. Holtzman.
For Representatives—Harry Matthews, Henry Thiens, J. C. McCloskey, J. E. McCullough, Frederick J. Mack.

The Toilet Articles of R. E. Elliott & Co. can be found for sale, by agents in the Following Places:

Sarah Burks, N. Rands street, Charleston, W. Va.
J. C. Brown box 426, Jackson, Tenn.
M. S. Ryan, Brunswick, Ga.
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